

XDMF and ParaView: checkpointing format

Michal HABERA,

Jan BLECHTA, Dave DEMARLE,
Jack HALE, Chris RICHARDSON,
Andreas ZILIAN.



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If we want to save our computation for checkpointing + visualisation:

```
1 import dolfin as d
2 mesh = d.UnitSquareMesh(3, 3)
3 V = d.FunctionSpace(mesh, "CG", 1)
4 u = d.Function(V)
5
6 # Save for vizualization
7 with d.XDMFFile("viz_file.xdmf") as outfile:
8     outfile.write(u)
9
10 # Save for reading back
11 with d.HDF5File("read_file.h5") as outfile:
12     outfile.write(u, "name")
```

The problem of double data

`XDMFFile.write()`

- ▶ values at vertices are saved
- ▶ could be visualised in ParaView
- ▶ could NOT be read back to DOLFIN
- ▶ produces (binary) *.h5 and (xml) *.xdmf

`HDF5File.write()`

- ▶ values of degrees of freedom and dofmap is saved
- ▶ could NOT be visualised in ParaView
- ▶ could be read back to DOLFIN
- ▶ produces (binary) *.h5

Who are we?



FEniCS users!



What do we want?



Checkpoint
and visualise
the same file!



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Summary and future work

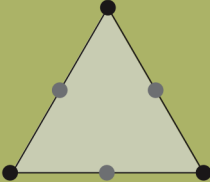
What is a (FEM) function in DOLFIN?

```
1 class dolfin::Function
2 {
3     ...
4     // The function space
5     std::shared_ptr<const FunctionSpace> _function_space;
6     // The vector of expansion coefficients (local)
7     std::shared_ptr<GenericVector> _vector;
8     ...
9 }
```

$$u_h = \sum_{i=1}^n U_i \phi_i$$


Periodic table of FEM, meaning of DOFs

- ▶ FEniCS mostly used for **iso-** and **super-parametric** "elements"



P₂ $\mathcal{P}_2^- \Lambda^0(\Delta_2)$

$$3 \times \underbrace{\mathcal{P}_1 \Lambda^0(\Delta_0)}_1 + 3 \times \underbrace{\mathcal{P}_0 \Lambda^1(\Delta_1)}_1 = 6$$

 ("P", triangle, 2)

FIAT: Finite element Automatic Tabulator

The Finite element Automatic Tabulator FIAT supports generation instances of the Lagrange elements on lines, triangles, and tetrahedra. Further, H(div) and H(curl) conforming finite element spaces. Raviart-Thomas, Brezzi-Douglas-Marini and Nedelec are supported tetrahedra. Upcoming versions will also support Hermite and nonc

FIAT is part of the FEniCS Project.

For more information, visit <http://www.fenicsproject.org>

Documentation

Documentation can be viewed at <http://fenics-fiat.readthedocs.org>

docs passing

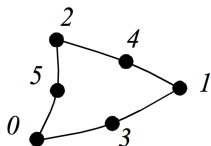
Automated Testing

We use Bitbucket Pipelines and Atlassian Bamboo to perform automatic testing.

Builds Passing  Bamboo Build Status

How is (FEM) function represented in VTK?

- ▶ specification in www.vtk.org/VTK/img/file-formats.pdf and <https://www.kitware.com/products/books/VTKTextbook.pdf>
- ▶ VTK ONLY for **iso-parametric** "elements"



VTK_QUADRATIC_TRIANGLE
(=22)

```
/**  
 * @class   vtkBiQuadraticTriangle  
 * @brief   cell represents a parabolic,  
 *  
 * vtkBiQuadraticTriangle is a concrete  
 * represent a two-dimensional, 7-node,  
 * interpolation is the standard finite  
 * shape function. The cell includes three  
 * triangle vertices and a center node.  
 * point ids (0-2,3-6) where id #3 is the  
 * (0,1); id #4 is the midedge node between  
 * midedge node between points (2,0). id
```

How is data (function) represented in XDMF?

- ▶ specification at http://www.xdmf.org/index.php/XDMF_Model_and_Format
- ▶ library at <https://gitlab.kitware.com/xdmf/xdmf>
- ▶ almost the same as VTK
- ▶ XDMF = better structured, XML wrapped VTK

Motivation, what users complained about?

The problem, technically speaking

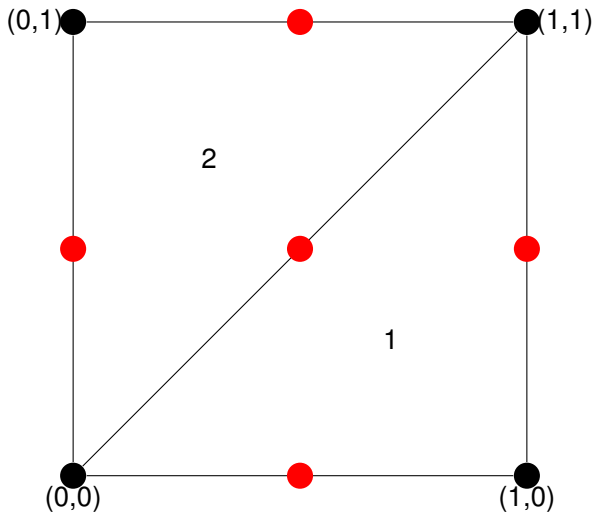
Solution

Examples

Summary and future work

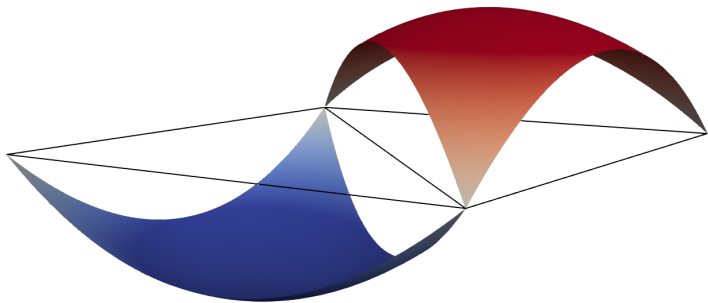
NEW "FiniteElementFunction" in XDMF

```
1 <Attribute
2   ItemType="FiniteElementFunction"
3   ElementFamily="CG"
4   ElementDegree="1"
5   ElementCell="triangle"
6   Name="u"
7   Center="Other"
8   AttributeType="Scalar">
9
10  <DataItem Dimensions="8 3"
11    NumberType="UInt" Format="XML">
12    <!-- Cell-wise degrees of freedom map -->
13  </DataItem>
14
15  <DataItem Dimensions="9 1"
16    NumberType="Float" Format="XML">
17    <!-- Expansion coefficients / values of degrees of freedom -->
18  </DataItem>
19 </Attribute>
```



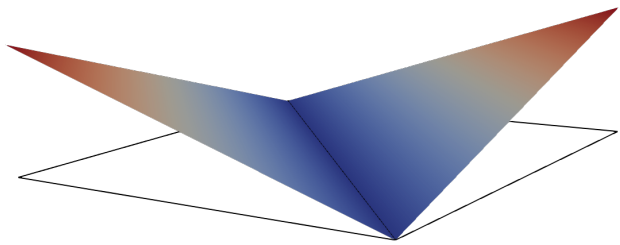


```
1 <Attribute ItemType="FiniteElementFunction"  
2     ElementFamily="DG" ElementDegree="2"  
3     ElementCell="triangle" Name="u"  
4     Center="Other" AttributeType="Scalar">  
5  
6     <DataItem Dimensions="2 6"  
7         NumberType="UInt" Format="XML">  
8         1 0 2 3 4 5  
9         7 6 8 9 10 11  
10    </DataItem>  
11  
12    <DataItem Dimensions="2 6"  
13        NumberType="Float" Format="XML">  
14        0.0 0.0 0.0 0.2 0.2 0.2  
15        0.0 0.0 0.0 -0.2 -0.2 -0.2  
16    </DataItem>  
17 </Attribute>
```





```
1 <Attribute ItemType="FiniteElementFunction"
2   ElementFamily="CG" ElementDegree="5"
3   ElementCell="triangle" Name="u"
4   Center="Other" AttributeType="Scalar">
5
6   <DataItem Dimensions="2 21"
7     NumberType="UInt" Format="XML">
8     1 21 2 ...
9     1 0 2 ...
10  </DataItem>
11
12  <DataItem Dimensions="2 18"
13    NumberType="Float" Format="XML">
14    0.2 0.0 0.0 ...
15    x x 0.2 ...
16  </DataItem>
17 </Attribute>
```

Methods for new functionality

- ▶ in **DOLFIN \geq 2017.2.0** new functionality exposed in `XDMFFile.write_checkpoint()` and `XDMFFile.read_checkpoint()`
- ▶ release candidate **ParaView \geq 5.5.0**

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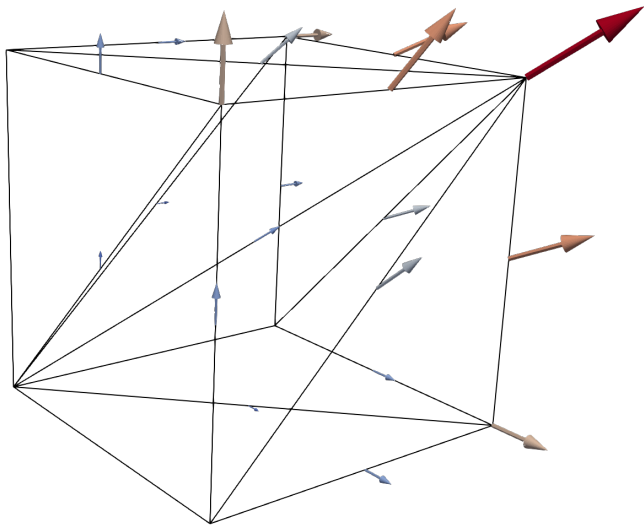
Solution

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Summary and future work

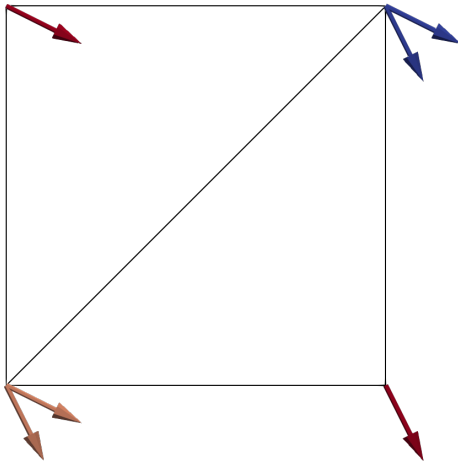


```
1 import dolfin as d
2
3 mesh = d.UnitCubeMesh(1, 1, 1)
4 V = d.VectorFunctionSpace(mesh, "CG", 2)
5
6 u = d.interpolate(d.Expression(
7     "x[0]*x[1]",
8     "x[1]*x[2]",
9     "x[2]*x[0]"), degree=2), V)
10
11 with d.XDMFFile("ex2_vc2_3d.xdmf") as outfile:
12     outfile.write_checkpoint(u, "u")
```



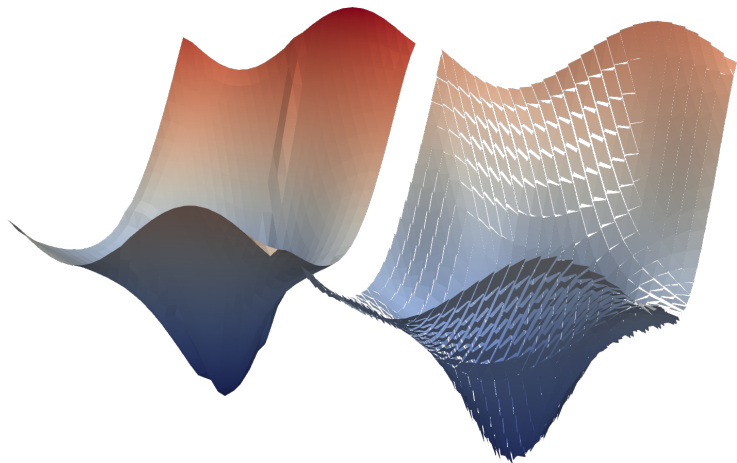


```
1 import dolfin as d
2
3 mesh = d.UnitSquareMesh(1, 1)
4 V = d.FunctionSpace(mesh, "RT", 1)
5
6 u = d.project(d.Expression(
7     "x[1]", "-x[0]"), degree=1), V)
8
9 with d.XDMFFile("ex3_rt1_2d.xdmf") as outfile:
10     outfile.write_checkpoint(u, "u")
```



```
mpirun -n 4 python3 demo_dg-poisson.py
```

```
XDMFFile.write() vs. XDMFFile.write_checkpoint()
```



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Summary and future work

Is done:

- ▶ new **FiniteElementFunction** attribute to XDMF
- ▶ XDMF to VTK **tweaked** to understand FEM function description
- ▶ **write_checkpoint** and **read_checkpoint** methods in DOLFIN/DOLFINX

Future work:

- ▶ add tessellation for higher-order elements
- ▶ Crouzeix-Raviart, BDM, RT, ...
- ▶ optimisation
- ▶ mixed-cell topologies - GSoC 2018 student?

