

# An Evaluation of the Accuracy of Real-Time Zenith Total Delay Estimates

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# Overview

- Introduction
- From Near Real-Time to Real-Time
- Real-time systems
- Test and Reference datasets, methodology
- Results
- Conclusions

# GNSS Meteorology

- Assimilation of GNSS derived Zenith Total Delay (ZTD) in Numerical Weather Prediction (NWP) models
  - Has a reported positive impact on weather forecasting
  - In practice at various meteorological institutions
- Low-latency ZTD estimates needed for high update-rate NWP models

- Meteorology user requirements for nowcasting (TOUGH, 2004):

Integrated Water Vapour (IWV)		
	Target	Threshold
Horizontal Domain	Europe to National	
Repetition Cycle	5 min	1 hour
Integration Time	MIN(5 min, rep cycle)	
Relative Accuracy	1 kg/m <sup>2</sup>	5 kg/m <sup>2</sup>
Timeliness	5 min	30 min

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≈ 6 mm, 30 mm in ZTD

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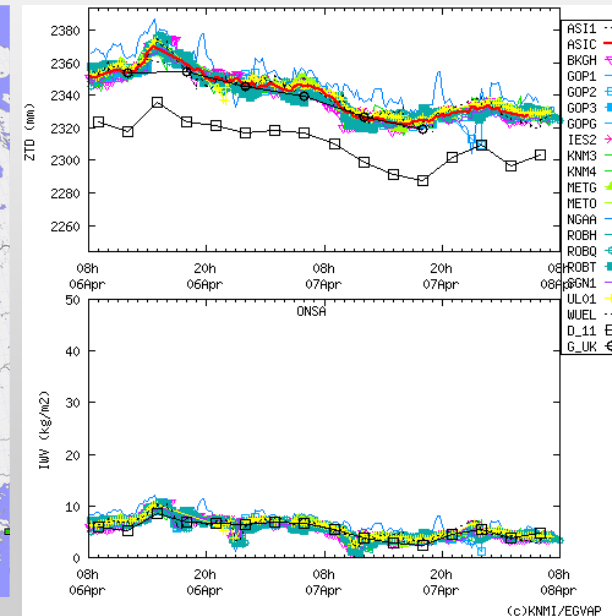
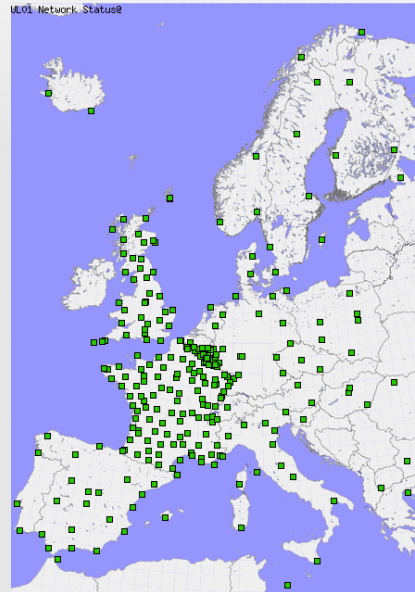
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Motivation for real-time processing

# Near Real-Time ZTD Estimation at University of Luxembourg

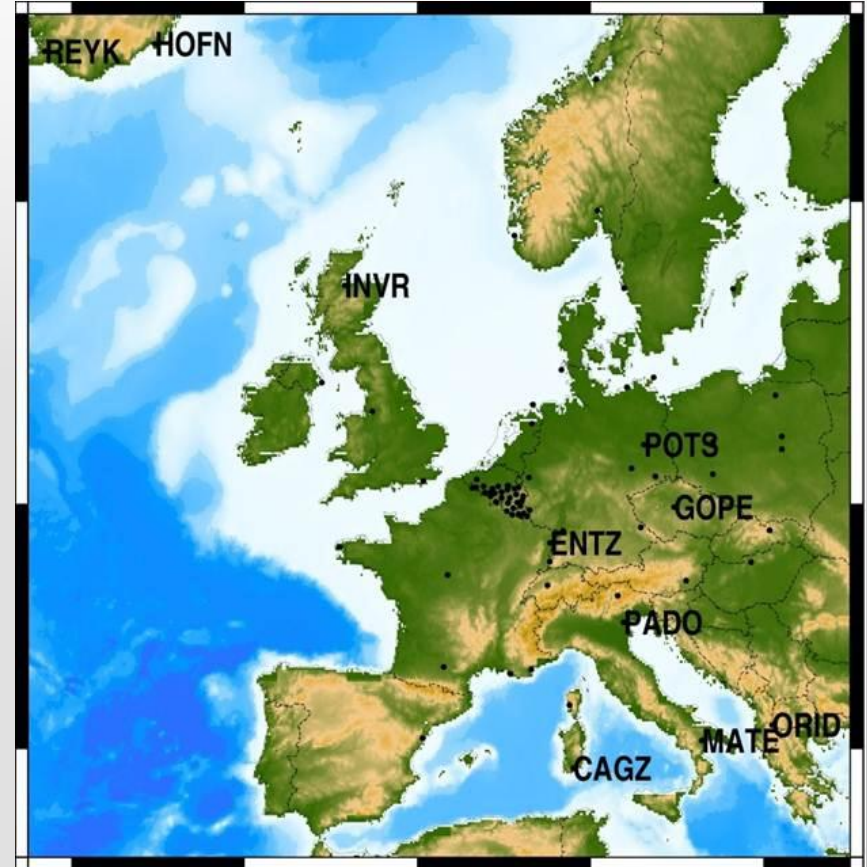
- Hourly NRT solution “UL01” submitted to EGVAP
  - Sub-millimetre level agreement with IGS Final Troposphere Product
  - Based on Bernese GPS Software 5.0, upgrade to 5.2 is in preparation
  - Uses IGS Ultra-Rapid products
- Sub-hourly (15min) NRT solution “UL04” run internally
  - Millimetre level agreement with IGS Final Troposphere Product



We use the UL01 solution for comparison of the RT solutions.

# Towards Real-Time...

- “Nowcasting” leads to a drive for real-time processing
- Experimental setup at the University of Luxembourg with two real-time GNSS software packages
- Europe-wide network
- Precise Point Positioning (PPP)
- ZTD estimates every 10 minutes



# Towards Real-Time... (2)

- Three real-time ZTD solutions generated using:

Software:	BNC2.7	PPP-Wizard I (*)	PPP-Wizard II (**)
Update Cycle	Real-time	Real-time	Real-time
Output Interval	1 second	5 seconds	5 seconds
GNSS Used	GPS	GPS	GPS
Input Raw Data	Real-time streams (RTCM3)	Real-time streams (RTCM3)	Real-time streams (RTCM3)
Input Clock Stream	CLK11 (IGS)	CLK9B (CNES)	CLK9B (CNES)
Input Ephemeris Stream	RTCM3EPH (IGS)	RTCM3EPH (IGS)	RTCM3EPH (IGS)
Ambiguity Resolution	No	No	Yes

- Accuracy assessment of ZTD estimates needed!

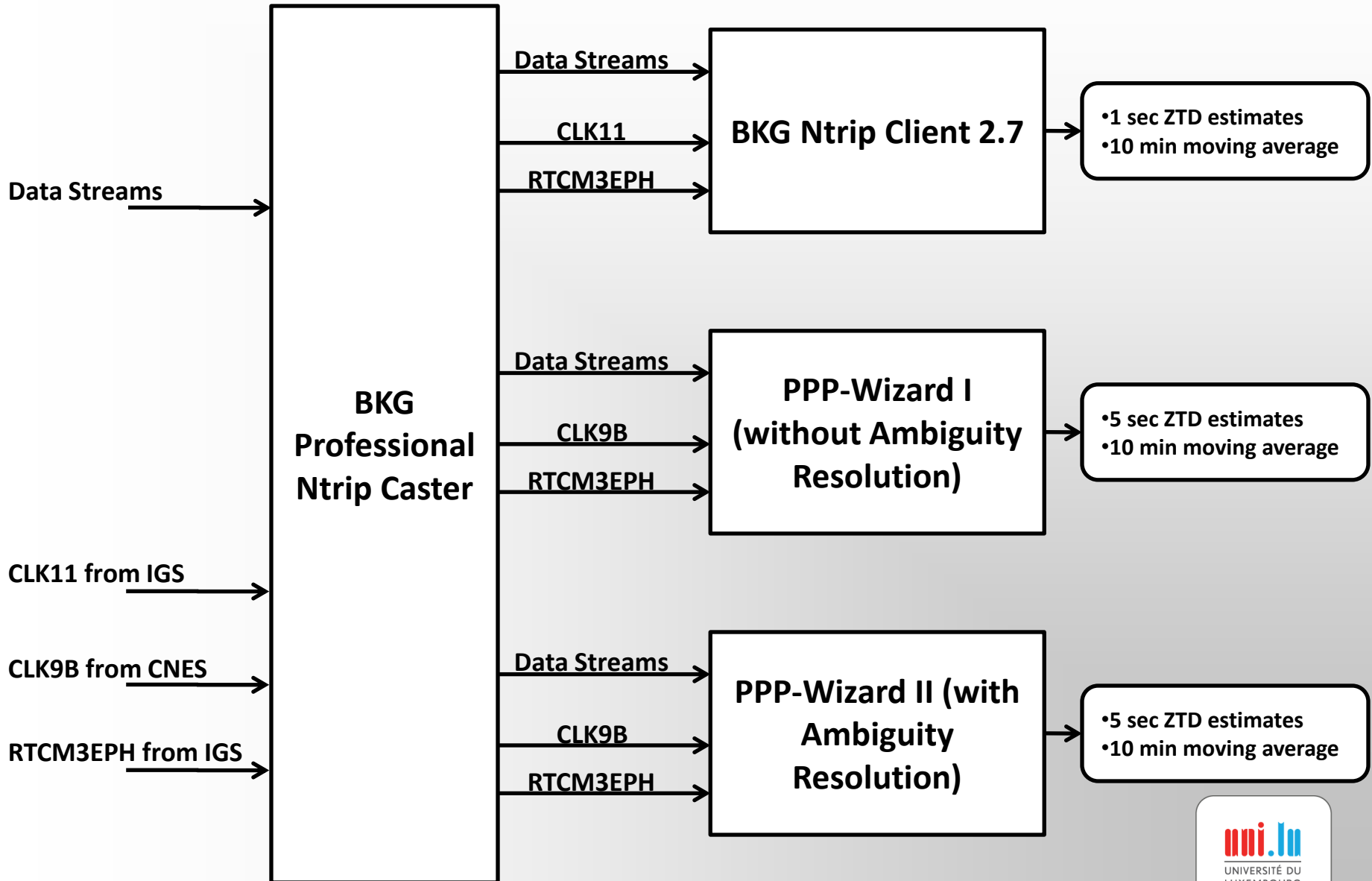
\* Modified version to disable ambiguity resolution

\*\* Version with ambiguity resolution enabled





# Test Real-Time Systems



# Test Dataset and Products

- 8 IGS stations selected for comparison
- Time period: 2013-02-22 0000UTC ~ 2013-02-29 00:00UTC

Stations used for comparison

Station ID	Latitude (degree)	Longitude (degree)
CAGZ	39.14	8.97
GOPE	49.91	14.79
HOFN	64.27	344.81
MATE	40.38	16.42
ORID	41.07	20.47
PADO	45.41	11.90
POTS	52.19	13.07
REYK	64.08	338.43

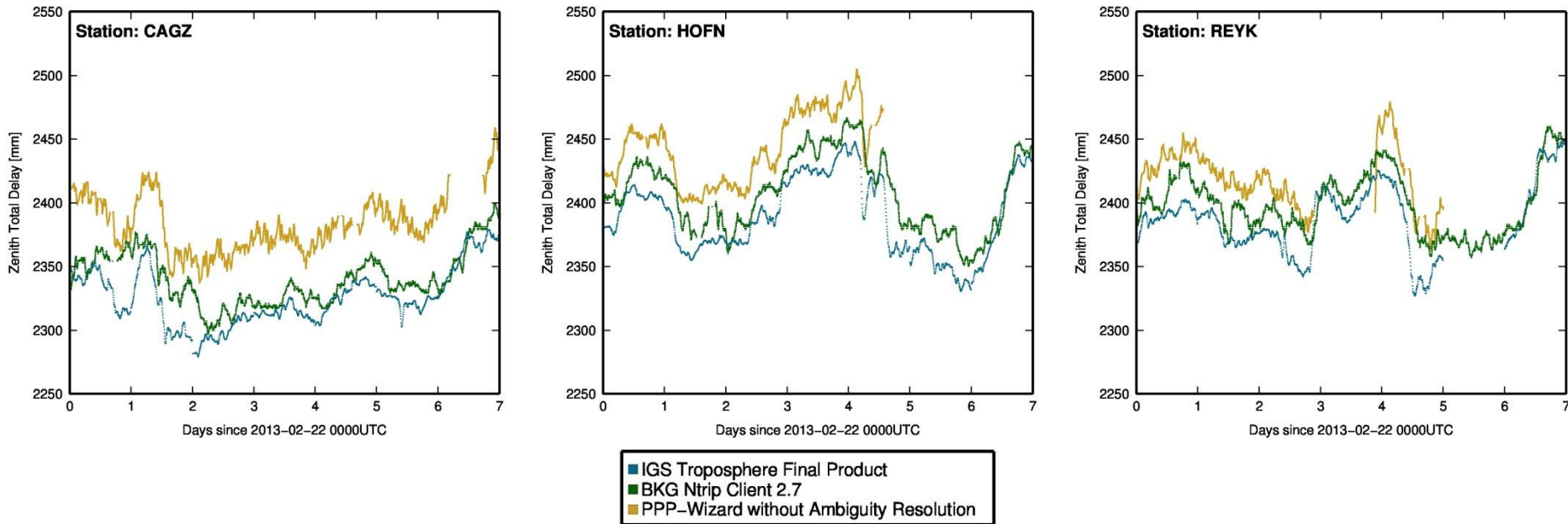
Products streams used

Stream	Content	Analysis Center
CLK11	Orbit and Clock corrections to Broadcast Ephemeris	BKG
CLK9B	- Orbit and Clock corrections to Broadcast Ephemeris - Corrections for Integer Ambiguity Resolution	CNES
RTCM3EPH	Broadcast Ephemeris	BKG

# Reference Dataset

- IGS Final Troposphere Product
  - IGS Final Orbit/Clock products
  - Precise Point Positioning using BSW5.0
    - (without integer ambiguity resolution)
  - Sampling: 300 sec
- Comparison strategy:
  - Period: 2013-02-22 0000UTC ~ 2013-02-29 00:00UTC
  - Statistics computed using common epochs

# Results: Real-Time vs IGS Final



## Mean Biases (Station: CAGZ)

BNC2.7 vs IGS Final Trop.	$15.2 \pm 12.8$ mm
PPP-Wizard I vs IGS Final Trop.	$60.7 \pm 9.6$ mm
BNC2.7 vs PPP-Wizard I	$44.4 \pm 14.0$ mm

## Mean Biases (Station: HOFN)

BNC2.7 vs IGS Final Trop.	$18.4 \pm 11.5$ mm
PPP-Wizard I vs IGS Final Trop.	$44.9 \pm 6.4$ mm
BNC2.7 vs PPP-Wizard I	$-26.9 \pm 10.2$ mm

## Mean Biases (Station: REYK)

BNC2.7 vs IGS Final Trop.	$16.2 \pm 12.4$ mm
PPP-Wizard I vs IGS Final Trop.	$41.6 \pm 9.2$ mm
BNC2.7 vs PPP-Wizard I	$-21.4 \pm 11.2$ mm

Similar biases have been reported before but a constant bias in the ZTD for a particular station is not a problem for the assimilation into NWP models as a monthly station-bias is estimated. However, this remains under investigation for us.

# Results: Comparison Statistics

## Biases between Real-Time ZTD and IGS Final Troposphere Product

BNC 2.7			PPP-Wizard I		
Bias [mm]	SD [mm]	RMS [mm]	Bias [mm]	SD [mm]	RMS [mm]
14.9	12.2	19.4	47.8	7.7	48.4

## Biases between Real-Time ZTD and UL01 solution (near real-time)

BNC 2.7			PPP-Wizard I		
Bias [mm]	SD [mm]	RMS [mm]	Bias [mm]	SD [mm]	RMS [mm]
13.8	11.1	18.1	47.2	7.7	47.9

## Bias between BNC2.7 and PPP-Wizard I

Bias [mm]	SD [mm]	RMS [mm]
-34.7	12.1	36.8

# Results: Comparison Statistics

## Biases between Real-Time ZTD and IGS Final Troposphere Product

BNC 2.7			PPP-Wizard I		
Bias [mm]	SD [mm]	RMS [mm]	Bias [mm]	SD [mm]	RMS [mm]
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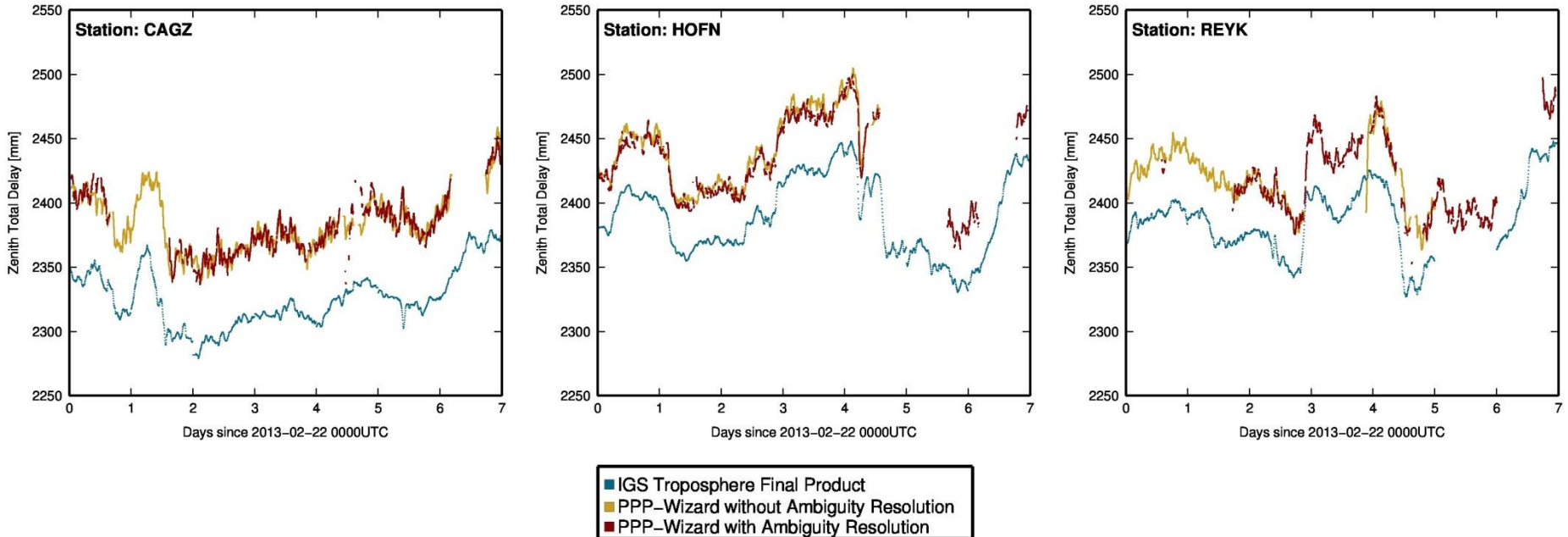
A large bias between two real-time solutions is believed to be because of the difference in strategy to compute ZTD

# Results: Comparison to Requirements for Nowcasting

- RMS of bias between real-time and IGS Final solutions supposed as a measure of relative accuracy
- ZTD accuracy translated to IWV accuracy

Real-Time Solution	Relative Accuracy (IWV)	Agreement with Accuracy Requirement
BNC2.7	3.2 kg/m <sup>2</sup>	Lies within the threshold
PPP-Wizard I	8.0 kg/m <sup>2</sup>	Exceeds the threshold by 3 kg/m <sup>2</sup>

# Results: Ambiguity Resolution



**Mean Bias between Ambiguity Fixed and Float Solution (Station: CAGZ)**  
 $-0.9 \pm 6.3$  mm

**Mean Bias between Ambiguity Fixed and Float Solution (Station: HOFN)**  
 $3.9 \pm 5.1$  mm

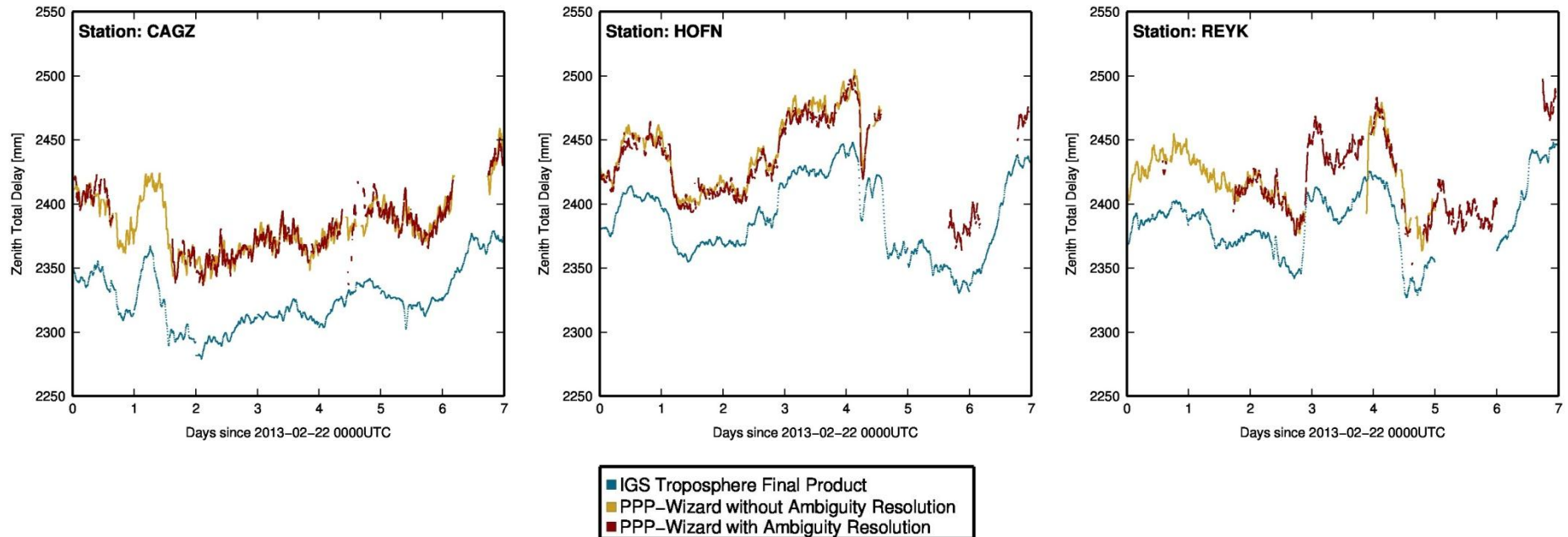
**Mean Bias between Ambiguity Fixed and Float Solution (Station: REYK)**  
 $1.0 \pm 5.0$  mm

=> Mean difference between fixed and float solution:  $1.3 \pm 5.5$  mm (ZTD)  $\approx 0.2 \pm 0.9$  kg/m<sup>2</sup> (IWV)





# Results: Ambiguity Resolution



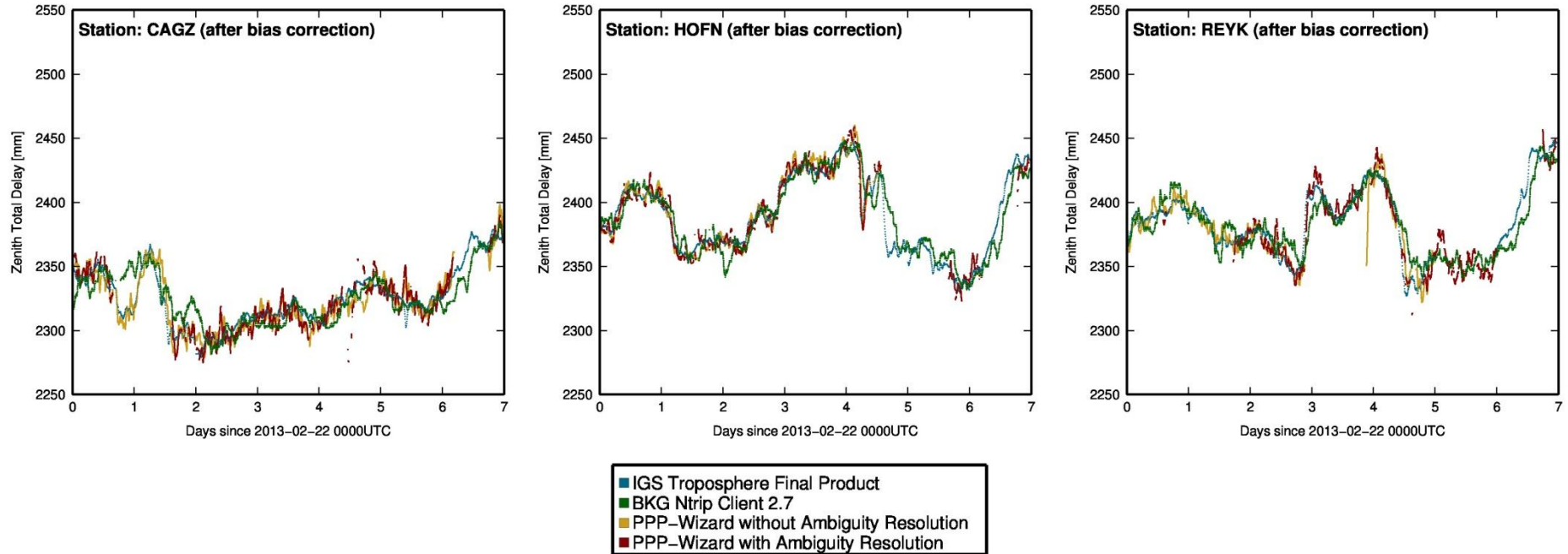
## Biases between PPP-Wizard solutions and IGS Final Troposphere Product

Without Ambiguity Resolution			With Ambiguity Resolution		
Bias [mm]	SD [mm]	RMS [mm]	Bias [mm]	SD [mm]	RMS [mm]
47.8	7.7	48.5	46.5	8.6	47.4

=> Ambiguity fixed solution agrees to IGS Final Trop. Product slightly better

# Results: Bias corrected time-series

New time-series after subtracting mean station-specific bias from the corresponding ZTD estimates:



**Mean Difference with IGS Final Trop. after bias correction (Station: CAGZ)**

BNC2.7	$4 \times 10^{-8} \pm 12.8$ mm
PPP-Wizard without Ambiguity Resolution	$-4 \times 10^{-8} \pm 9.6$ mm
PPP-Wizard with Ambiguity Resolution	$-3 \times 10^{-8} \pm 8.7$ mm

**Mean Difference with IGS Final Trop. after bias correction (Station: HOFN)**

BNC2.7	$3 \times 10^{-8} \pm 11.5$ mm
PPP-Wizard without Ambiguity Resolution	$-3 \times 10^{-8} \pm 6.4$ mm
PPP-Wizard with Ambiguity Resolution	$-5 \times 10^{-9} \pm 6.4$ mm

**Mean Difference with IGS Final Trop. after bias correction (Station: REYK)**

BNC2.7	$-3 \times 10^{-8} \pm 12.4$ mm
PPP-Wizard without Ambiguity Resolution	$1 \times 10^{-8} \pm 9.2$ mm
PPP-Wizard with Ambiguity Resolution	$-4.5 \pm 8.6$ mm

# Conclusions

- Two real-time ZTD systems (three solutions) have been introduced and compared
- The real-time ZTD solutions show an agreement of about 3.5 cm with each other
- The real-time ZTD solutions show an agreement of 1.9 cm to 4.8 cm with the IGS Final Troposphere product
- The current results suggest that ambiguity resolution in real-time Precise Point Positioning has a very small effect on the ZTD estimates
- BNC2.7 solution meets the accuracy threshold requirement for nowcasting
- PPP-Wizard exceeds the accuracy threshold for nowcasting by 3 kg/m<sup>2</sup>

# Thank you!

## • References

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