## International Comparison of Absolute Gravimeters



## CCM.G-K2 Key Comparison

Olivier Francis ${ }^{1}$, Henri Baumann ${ }^{2}$ and all the participants

${ }^{1}$ University of Luxembourg (Organizer)<br>${ }^{2}$ Federal Institute of Metrology METAS (Pilot)

Participants of the CCM.G-K2 Key Comparison and Pilot Study

| \# | Country or Province | Institution | Operator(s) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Austria | Federal Office of Metrology and Surveying and Surveying (BEV) | Christian Ullrich |
| 2 | Belgium | Royal Observatory of Belgium | Michel Van Camp Stefaan Castelein |
| 3 | Brazil | Observatório Nacional | Mauro Andrade de Sousa Rodrigo Lima Melhorato |
| 4 | China | National Institute of Metrology | Shuqing Wu <br> Chunjian Li <br> Jinyi Xu <br> Duowu Su |
| 5 | China | Tsinghua University | Hua Hu, Kang Wu Gang Li Zhe Li |
| 6 | Chinese Taipei | Industrial Technology Research Institute | Wen-Chi Hsieh |
| 7 | Czech Republic | RIGTC/VUGTK Geodetic Observatory Pecný | Vojtech Pálinkás Jakub Kostelecký |
| 8 | Finland | Finnish Geodetic Institute | Jaakko Mäkinen Jyri Näränen |
| 9 | France | LNE-SYRTE | Sébastien Merlet <br> Franck Pereira Dos Santos Pierre Gillot |
| 10 | France | Institut de Physique du Globe de Strasbourg | Jacques Hinderer Jean-Daniel Bernard |
| 11 | France | Géosciences Montpellier - CNRS -Université de Montpellier 2 | Nicolas Le Moigne Benjamin Fores |
| 12 | Germany | Leibniz Universität Hannover | Olga Gitlein Manuel Schilling |
| 13 | Germany | Federal Agency for Cartography and Geodesy | Reinhard Falk Herbert Wilmes |
| 14 | Italy | INRIM-Istituto Nazionale di Ricerca Metrologica | Alessandro Germak Emanuele Biolcati Claudio Origlia |
| 15 | Italy | ASI (Agenzia Spaziale Italiana) | Domenico Iacovone Francesco Baccaro |
| 16 | Japan | National Metrology Institute of Japan, National Institute of Advanced Science and Technology (NMIJ/AIST) | Shigeki Mizushima |
| 17 | Luxembourg | University of Luxembourg | Olivier Francis Raphaël De Plaen Gilbert Klein Marc Seil Remi Radinovic |
| 18 | Poland | Institute of Geodesy and Cartography | Marcin Sękowski Przemysław Dykowski |
| 19 | Republic of Korea | Korea Research Institute of Standards and Science | In-Mook Choi Min-Seok Kim |
| 20 | Spain | Instituto Geográfico Nacional | Ana Borreguero Sergio Sainz-Maza Marta Calvo |
| 21 | Sweden | Lantmäteriet - the Swedish mapping, cadastral and land registration authority | Andreas Engfeldt Jonas Agren |
| 22 | Switzerland | Federal Institute of Metrology - Metas | Henri Baumann |
| 23 | The Netherlands | Delft University of Technology | René Reudink |
| 24 | USA | National Geodetic Survey | Mark Eckl |
| 25 | USA | Micro-g LaCoste Inc. | Derek van Westrum Ryan Billson Brian Ellis |

## Participants for the relative measurements

Filippo Greco, Istituto Nazionale di Geofisica e Vulcanologia, Catania, Italy. Arnaud Watlet, Observatoire royal de Belgique, Bruxelles, Belgium.

> This report is dedicated to the memory of Mark EckI who passed away in August 2014

## 1. Introduction

The International Comparison of Absolute Gravimeters (ICAG-2013) was held in the Underground Laboratory for Geodynamics in Walferdange, Luxembourg in November 2013. The ICAG-2013 is registered as the CCM.G-K2 Key Comparison and Pilot Study. This is the first time that a Key Comparison is organized outside the walls of the BIPM [2]. This comparison is also the largest ever organized with the participation of 25 gravimeters. The comparison lasted only 6 days, 2 sessions of 3 days a week apart if we exclude the two teams that participated one week before and 3 months after the "official" sessions schedule.

Prof. Dr. Olivier Francis from the University of Luxembourg is in charge of the local organization of the comparison and of the elaboration of the results. METAS is the Pilot Laboratory under the leadership of Dr. Henri Baumann.

The Technical Protocol approved by the participants prior to the comparison is available at http://kcdb.bipm.org/appendixB/appbresults/CCM.G-K2/CCM.G-K2_Technical_Protocol.pdf.
This mandatory document includes the list of the registered participants, a description of the comparison site, the timetable of the measurements, and a standardized excel table to express the uncertainty of the gravimeters. It also specifies the data processing as well as the reporting of the results.

In this report, we give the list of the participants who actually performed measurements during the comparison. The data (raw absolute gravity measurements and their uncertainties) submitted by the operators as well as the corrections due to the vertical gravity gradient applied before the data adjustment are provided. The measurement strategy is briefly discussed as well as the data elaboration which did not differ significantly from the methodology used in previous comparisons. Finally, the results of the data adjustment are presented including the degrees of equivalence of the gravimeters and the key comparison reference values. For the final and official solution, we removed the absolute gravity data from gravimeters for which their observations were not compatible with a first solution including all the measurements. Overall, the measurements are all consistent given the declared uncertainties.

## 2. List of participants

The list of the participants is given in Table 1. In total, 25 absolute gravimeters were compared including 7 different types of instruments. The number of FG5 free-fall gravimeters is dominant. However, one atomic gravimeter (CAG-01), one rise-and-fall gravimeter (IMGC02) as well as two new free-fall prototypes from China (NIM-3A and T-2) were present.

Overall, 10 teams from National Metrology Institutes (NMI) or Designated Institutes (DI) participated to the ICAG-2013.
Table 1. Participants to ICAG-2013 (NMI = National Metrology Institutes; DI = Designated Institutes). The metrological institutes are marked in blue.

| \# | Country or Province | Institution | NMI or DI | Gravimeter | Operator(s) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Austria | Bundesamt für Eich- und Vermessungswesen Austria (BEV) | YES | FG5-242 | Christian Ullrich |
| 2 | Belgium | Royal Observatory of Belgium | NO | FG5-202 | Michel Van Camp Stefaan Castelein |
| 3 | Brazil | Observatório Nacional | NO | FG5-223 | Mauro Andrade de Sousa Rodrigo Lima Melhorato |
| 4 | China | National Institute of Metrology China (NIM) | YES | NIM-3A | Shuqing Wu, Chunjian Li, Jinyi Xu. Duowu Su |
| 5 | China | Tsinghua University | NO | T-2 | Hua Hu, Kang Wu, Gang Li, Zhe Li |
| 6 | Chinese Taipei | ITRI Center for Measurement Standards Chinese Taipei (CMS) | YES | FG5-231 | Wen-Chi Hsieh |
| 7 | Czech Republic | Research Institute of Geodesy, Topography and Cartography <br> Czech Republic (VUGTK/RIGTC) | YES | FG5-215 | Vojtech Pálinkás Jakub Kostelecký |
| 8 | Finland | Finnish Geodetic Institute Finland (FGI) | YES | FG5X-221 | Jaakko Mäkinen Jyri Näränen |
| 9 | France | Observatoire de Paris / Systèmes de Référence Temps-Espace <br> France (LNE-SYRTE) | YES | CAG-01 | Sébastien Merlet <br> Franck Pereira Dos Santos <br> Pierre Gillot |
| 10 | France | Institut de Physique du Globe de Strasbourg | NO | FG5-206 | Jacques Hinderer Jean-Daniel Bernard |
| 11 | France | Géosciences Montpellier - CNRS -Université de Montpellier 2 | NO | FG5-228 | Nicolas Le Moigne Benjamin Fores |
| 12 | Germany | Leibniz Universität Hannover | NO | FG5X-220 | Olga Gitlein Manuel Schilling |
| 13 | Germany | Federal Agency for Cartography and Geodesy | NO | FG5-301 | Reinhard Falk Herbert Wilmes |
| 14 | Italy | Istituto Nazionale di Ricerca Metrologica Italy (INRIM) | YES | IMGC-02 | Alessandro Germak Emanuele Biolcati Claudio Origlia |
| 15 | Italy | ASI (Agenzia Spaziale Italiana) | NO | FG5-218 | Francesco Schiavone Domenico Iacovone |
| 16 | Japan | National Metrology Institute of Japan Japan (NMIJ) | YES | FG5-213 | Shigeki Mizushima |
| 17 | Luxembourg | University of Luxembourg | NO | FG5X-216 | Olivier Francis Raphaël de Plaen Gilbert Klein Marc Seil Remi Radinovic |
| 18 | Poland | Institute of Geodesy and Cartography | NO | A10-020 | Marcin Sękowski Przemysław Dykowski |
| 19 | Republic of Korea | Korea Research Institute of Standards and Science Korea, Republic of (KRISS) | YES | FG5X-104 | In-Mook Choi Min-Seok Kim |
| 20 | Spain | Instituto Geográfico Nacional | NO | A10-006 | Ana Borreguero Sergio Sainz-Maza Marta Calvo |
| 21 | Sweden | Lantmäteriet - the Swedish mapping, cadastral and land registration authority | NO | FG5-233 | Andreas Engfeldt Jonas Agren |
| 22 | Switzerland | Federal Institute of Metrology, Switzerland (METAS) | YES | FG5X-209 | Henri Baumann |
| 23 | The Netherlands | Delft University of Technology | NO | FG5-234 | René Reudink |
| 24 | USA | National Geodetic Survey | NO | FG5-102 | Mark Eckl |
| 25 | USA | Micro-g LaCoste Inc. | NO | FG5X-302 | Derek van Westrum Ryan Billson Brian Ellis |

## 3. Absolute gravity measurements

### 3.1 Data presented by the operators

The raw Absolute Gravity (AG) measurement is the mean free-fall acceleration at the reference height corrected for:

- the gravimetric Earth tides including the oceanic attraction and loading effects. The corrections are made according to Resolution 16 of the 18th General Assembly of the IAG 1983 to obtain "zero-tide" values for gravity;
- the atmospheric attraction and loading effects using an admittance factor of -0.3 $\mu \mathrm{Gal} / \mathrm{hPa}$ on the difference between atmospheric pressure of a standard model measurement [7] and the local air pressure according to the IAG 1984 Resolution 9 (1984);
- the polar motion effects estimated from the pole position as published by the Earth Rotation and Reference Systems Service (IERS);
- the vertical gravity gradient;
- and all known instrumental effects (e.g. self-attraction, laser beam diffraction corrections, etc...).

The corrections for tides, polar motion and atmospheric mass redistributions are in compliance with the International Earth Rotation and Reference Systems Service (IERS) conventions 2010 [5] and IAGBN (International Absolute Gravity Base- station Network) processing standards [1]

The operators were responsible for processing their gravity data. They submitted the final gvalues for all the measured sites at their own favorite height above the benchmark, the standard deviations of the set mean values, and the uncertainties. These latter ones contain all the known instrumental contributions to uncertainties plus the site dependent uncertainty. The reported time of the measurement is the average of the times of the observations contributing to the measurement.

### 3.2 Vertical gravity gradient and transfer to the comparison reference height

As the data presented by the operators were not given at the same common height, some additional work needed to be performed before comparing the observations.

First, all the $g$-values were transferred to the reference height specific to each type of gravimeters [6] using the vertical gravity gradients provided in the Protocol. The reference height and the effective measurement height [4] are referring to the same position: one is given with respect to the ground level whereas the other one is taken from the start of the drop. At that specific height, the $g$-value is invariant to the vertical gravity gradient. It has been recognized as a good choice when the vertical gravity gradient is poorly or not known at all. The reference height is instrument dependent: around $1.21 \mathrm{~m}, 1.25 \mathrm{~m}$ and 0.68 m for the FG5s, FG5Xs, A-10s, respectively.

In a second step, the new determinations of the vertical gravity gradient (see Annex A) are used to transfer the $g$-values from the instrumental reference heights for the FG5s and A-10s to the comparison reference height of 1.3 m . For the other types of gravimeters, their $g$-values were transferred from the given height to 1.3 m .

This procedure insures the optimum consistent treatment of the vertical gravity gradient for all the data.

### 3.3 Final data

The 73 AG measurements from the 25 absolute gravimeters over the 15 stations are listed in Table 2. In addition, the gravity changes observed with the OSG-CT040 are provided in the last column of the same table. The SG observations are corrected using the same tides prediction and atmospheric admittance factor as for the absolute gravity measurements. As the instrumental drift of the OSG-CT040 is less than $1 \mu \mathrm{gal} / \mathrm{year}$, no drift correction is applied. The SG values have been calculated by averaging the SG observations over the same time window as each AG measurement sessions. This correction implies that one needs to define a mean official comparison time which is November 9, 2013. In other words, all the observations have been transfer to this time for which the SG correction is zero.

According to the protocol, each gravimeter should have measured at least at three gravity stations. However, the FG5-242 could only provide the gravity value at one station: the gravimeter was seriously damaged during the comparison and it was not possible to fix it.

Table 2. List of all the raw AG measurements corrected for all the known geophysical (tides, atmospheric pressure and polar motion effects, vertical gravity gradient) and instrumental effects (speed-of light correction, laser beam diffraction, self-attraction): $\sigma_{\text {mes }}$ is the standard deviation of the set mean values, $u_{\text {decl }}$ is the uncertainty declared by the participants, VGG is the Vertical Gravity Gradient, and $u$ is the uncertainty including the contribution of the uncertainty in the vertical gravity gradient transfer from the measurement or the instrumental reference height to the comparison reference height of 1.30 m . The gravity change as measured by the Superconducting Gravimeter (SG) is given in the last column (all the observations are "transported" in time to November 9,2013 for which the SG data is zero). The constant value $980960000.0 \mu \mathrm{Gal}$ has been subtracted from the gravity measurements. k is the coverage factor.

| Date | Time | Gravimeter | Site | Measurement height /cm | $g$ at measurement height $/ \mu \mathrm{Gal}$ | $\sigma_{\text {meas }}$ <br> $/ \mu \mathrm{Gal}$ | $\begin{gathered} \begin{array}{c} u_{\text {decl }} \\ (\mathbf{k}=\mathbf{6 8} \%) \end{array} \\ / \boldsymbol{\mu G a l} \end{gathered}$ | VGG <br> from the <br> Protocol <br> $/ \mu \mathrm{GaI} / \mathrm{cm}$ | Instrumental reference height /cm | $g$ at effective height $/ \mu \mathrm{Gal}$ | $g$ transfer to 1.30 m $/ \mu \mathbf{G a l}$ | $\mathbf{u}_{\text {trans }}$ <br> $/ \mu \mathrm{Gal}$ | $\begin{gathered} g \\ \mathbf{g} \\ \mathbf{a t} \\ 1.3 \mathrm{~m} \\ / \mu \mathrm{Gal} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \begin{array}{c} u \\ (\mathrm{k}=68 \%) \end{array} \\ / \mu \mathrm{Gal} \end{gathered}$ | SG <br> data <br> $/ \mu \mathrm{Gal}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 11-12 Nov. | 19:00-08:00 | A10-006 | A2 | 130.00 | 4206.2 | 3.7 | 10.6 | -2.715 | 68 | 4374.5 | -168.4 | 1.1 | 4206.1 | 10.7 | 0.3 |
| 12-13 Nov. | 17:00-08:00 | A10-006 | B3 | 130.00 | 4061.2 | 1.7 | 10.6 | -2.746 | 68 | 4231.5 | -166.0 | 1.1 | 4065.5 | 10.7 | 0.6 |
| 13-14 Nov. | 17:00-08:00 | A10-006 | A1 | 130.00 | 4217.7 | 1.3 | 10.6 | -2.897 | 68 | 4397.3 | -163.8 | 1.2 | 4233.5 | 10.7 | 0.2 |
| 11-12 Nov. | 17:31-08:10 | A10-020 | C4 | 71.20 | 4092.5 | 1.8 | 5.1 | -2.616 | 68 | 4100.9 | -161.2 | 1.1 | 3939.7 | 5.2 | 0.3 |
| 12-13 Nov. | 13:01-08:04 | A10-020 | A2 | 71.10 | 4372.2 | 1.3 | 5.3 | -2.715 | 68 | 4380.6 | -168.4 | 1.1 | 4212.2 | 5.4 | 0.6 |
| 13-14 Nov. | 15:09-08:04 | A10-020 | B4 | 71.15 | 4213.7 | 1.5 | 5.4 | -2.645 | 68 | 4222.0 | -161.4 | 0.9 | 4060.6 | 5.5 | 0.3 |
| 24 Oct. | 14:04-19:41 | CAG-01 | B3 | 83.30 | 4206.4 | 0.1 | 5.2 | -2.746 |  |  | -124.3 | 1.0 | 4082.1 | 5.3 | 1.3 |
| 26-27 Oct. | 18:16-07:32 | CAG-01 | A4 | 83.20 | 4316.0 | 0.1 | 5.2 | -2.677 |  |  | -122.2 | 0.9 | 4193.8 | 5.3 | 0.6 |
| 28 Oct. | 11:12-13:31 | CAG-01 | A2 | 83.25 | 4346.5 | 0.3 | 5.3 | -2.715 |  |  | -127.0 | 1.0 | 4219.5 | 5.4 | 0.4 |
| 11-12 Nov. | 17:16-08:16 | FG5-102 | A4 | 130.00 | 4181.8 | 1.8 | 2.1 | -2.677 | 121 | 4205.9 | -23.3 | 0.3 | 4182.6 | 2.1 | 0.3 |
| 14 Nov. | 10:35-18:05 | FG5-102 | B5 | 130.00 | 4042.8 | 1.6 | 2.1 | -2.677 | 121 | 4066.9 | -22.3 | 0.3 | 4044.6 | 2.1 | 0.4 |
| 15-16 Nov. | 20:15-07:45 | FG5-102 | A3 | 130.00 | 4202.4 | 1.8 | 2.1 | -2.620 | 121 | 4226.0 | -23.4 | 0.4 | 4202.6 | 2.1 | 0.6 |
| 4-5 Nov. | 17:01-08:34 | FG5-202 | A4 | 130.00 | 4191.6 | 1.6 | 2.1 | -2.677 | 121 | 4215.7 | -23.3 | 0.3 | 4192.4 | 2.1 | -0.7 |
| 5-6 Nov. | 16:54-07:54 | FG5-202 | B3 | 130.00 | 4068.7 | 1.1 | 2.1 | -2.746 | 121 | 4093.4 | -23.6 | 0.3 | 4069.8 | 2.1 | -0.5 |
| 6-7 Nov. | 14:58-07:58 | FG5-202 | C2 | 130.00 | 3949.3 | 0.9 | 2.1 | -2.730 | 121 | 3973.9 | -25.3 | 0.3 | 3948.6 | 2.1 | -0.1 |
| 11-12 Nov. | 19:08-07:08 | FG5-206 | A3 | 130.00 | 4201.8 | 2.1 | 2.4 | -2.620 | 121 | 4225.4 | -23.4 | 0.4 | 4202.0 | 2.4 | 0.3 |
| 12-13 Nov. | 17:10-05:10 | FG5-206 | B4 | 130.00 | 4060.7 | 1.6 | 2.4 | -2.645 | 121 | 4084.5 | -23.2 | 0.3 | 4061.3 | 2.4 | 0.6 |


| 13-14 Nov. | 17:38-04:48 | FG5-206 | A2 | 130.00 | 4214.4 | 1.5 | 2.4 | -2.715 | 121 | 4238.8 | -24.4 | 0.3 | 4214.4 | 2.4 | 0.2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5-6 Nov. | 14:00-08:00 | FG5-213 | C1 | 120.50 | 3974.3 | 0.3 | 2.5 | -2.757 | 121 | 3972.9 | -23.5 | 0.3 | 3949.4 | 2.5 | -0.6 |
| 6-7 Nov. | 14:30-08:00 | FG5-213 | A2 | 120.60 | 4238.3 | 0.3 | 2.5 | -2.715 | 121 | 4237.2 | -24.4 | 0.3 | 4212.8 | 2.5 | -0.1 |
| 7-8 Nov. | 12:30-08:00 | FG5-213 | B5 | 120.55 | 4067.3 | 0.3 | 2.5 | -2.677 | 121 | 4066.1 | -22.3 | 0.3 | 4043.8 | 2.5 | 0.3 |
| 5 Nov. | 10:41-21:14 | FG5-215 | B2 | 122.08 | 4090.8 | 0.2 | 2.3 | -2.776 | 121 | 4093.8 | -22.7 | 0.2 | 4071.1 | 2.3 | -0.7 |
| 6-7 Nov. | 10:13-00:28 | FG5-215 | C1 | 122.16 | 3972.2 | 0.2 | 2.3 | -2.757 | 121 | 3975.4 | -23.5 | 0.3 | 3951.9 | 2.3 | -0.2 |
| 7-8 Nov. | 10:54-00:32 | FG5-215 | A3 | 122.00 | 4228.6 | 0.2 | 2.3 | -2.620 | 121 | 4231.2 | -23.4 | 0.4 | 4207.8 | 2.3 | 0.3 |
| 11-12 Nov. | 18:00-06:00 | FG5-218 | B3 | 130.00 | 4068.9 | 0.9 | 1.8 | -2.746 | 121 | 4093.6 | -23.6 | 0.3 | 4070.0 | 1.8 | 0.3 |
| 12-13 Nov. | 19:00-07:00 | FG5-218 | C5 | 130.00 | 3942.8 | 0.7 | 1.8 | -2.642 | 121 | 3966.6 | -21.7 | 0.3 | 3944.9 | 1.8 | 0.6 |
| 13-14 Nov. | 19:00-07:00 | FG5-218 | C1 | 130.00 | 3950.0 | 0.8 | 1.8 | -2.757 | 121 | 3974.8 | -23.5 | 0.3 | 3951.3 | 1.8 | 0.2 |
| 2-3 Feb. | 10:38-08:38 | FG5-223 | C5 | 130.00 | 3943.2 | 0.9 | 2.1 | -2.642 | 121 | 3967.0 | -21.7 | 0.3 | 3945.3 | 2.1 | -0.5 |
| 3-4 Feb. | 18:28-08:18 | FG5-223 | A1 | 130.00 | 4227.0 | 0.9 | 2.1 | -2.897 | 121 | 4253.1 | -23.3 | 0.3 | 4229.8 | 2.1 | -0.6 |
| 4-5 Feb. | 12:34-03:34 | FG5-223 | B4 | 130.00 | 4062.3 | 1.3 | 2.1 | -2.645 | 121 | 4086.1 | -23.2 | 0.3 | 4062.9 | 2.1 | -0.7 |
| 5-6 Nov. | 10:50-10:28 | FG5-228 | C3 | 130.00 | 3941.9 | 1.2 | 1.9 | -2.719 | 121 | 3966.4 | -23.1 | 0.3 | 3943.3 | 1.9 | -0.6 |
| 6-7 Nov. | 14:19-08:17 | FG5-228 | A4 | 130.00 | 4185.7 | 0.7 | 1.9 | -2.677 | 121 | 4209.8 | -23.3 | 0.3 | 4186.5 | 1.9 | -0.1 |
| 7-8 Nov. | 10:53-07:28 | FG5-228 | B2 | 130.00 | 4067.4 | 1.0 | 1.9 | -2.776 | 121 | 4092.4 | -22.7 | 0.2 | 4069.7 | 1.9 | 0.2 |
| 9-10 Nov. | 10:40-11:40 | FG5-231 | A4 | 130.00 | 4188.9 | 0.6 | 2.1 | -2.677 | 121 | 4213.0 | -23.3 | 0.3 | 4189.7 | 2.1 | -0.1 |
| 11-12 Nov. | 06:00-07:00 | FG5-231 | A5 | 130.00 | 4180.2 | 0.7 | 2.1 | -2.629 | 121 | 4203.9 | -23.0 | 0.3 | 4180.9 | 2.1 | 0.1 |
| 12-13 Nov. | 10:30-09:00 | FG5-231 | B1 | 130.00 | 4073.7 | 0.6 | 2.1 | -2.881 | 121 | 4099.6 | -24.1 | 0.3 | 4075.5 | 2.1 | 0.6 |
| 5-6 Nov. | 17:35-09:39 | FG5-233 | A1 | 130.00 | 4227.7 | 0.3 | 2.4 | -2.897 | 121 | 4253.8 | -23.3 | 0.3 | 4230.5 | 2.4 | -0.5 |
| 6-7 Nov. | 11:50-08:06 | FG5-233 | B1 | 130.00 | 4078.2 | 0.1 | 2.4 | -2.881 | 121 | 4104.1 | -24.1 | 0.3 | 4080.0 | 2.4 | -0.1 |
| 7-8 Nov. | 09:56-08:04 | FG5-233 | C1 | 130.00 | 3951.3 | 0.1 | 2.4 | -2.757 | 121 | 3976.1 | -23.5 | 0.3 | 3952.6 | 2.4 | 0.2 |
| 11-12 Nov. | 20:00-06:00 | FG5-234 | B2 | 130.00 | 4072.4 | 2.6 | 2.1 | -2.776 | 121 | 4097.4 | -22.7 | 0.2 | 4074.7 | 2.1 | 0.3 |
| 12-13 Nov. | 20:00-06:00 | FG5-234 | C4 | 130.00 | 3947.7 | 0.9 | 2.1 | -2.616 | 121 | 3971.2 | -22.8 | 0.3 | 3948.4 | 2.1 | 0.6 |
| 13-14 Nov. | 20:00-06:00 | FG5-234 | C5 | 130.00 | 3941.5 | 0.6 | 2.1 | -2.642 | 121 | 3965.3 | -21.7 | 0.3 | 3943.6 | 2.1 | 0.2 |
| 9-10 Nov. | 16:09-06:09 | FG5-242 | B1 | 130.00 | 4076.5 | 1.9 | 2.6 | -2.881 | 121 | 4102.4 | -24.1 | 0.3 | 4078.3 | 2.6 | -0.1 |
| 11-12 Nov. | 18:13-07:30 | FG5-301 | C1 | 130.00 | 3949.8 | 0.7 | 2.1 | -2.757 | 121 | 3974.6 | -23.5 | 0.3 | 3951.1 | 2.1 | 0.3 |
| 12-13 Nov. | 15:58-09:29 | FG5-301 | A4 | 130.00 | 4188.6 | 1.1 | 2.1 | -2.677 | 121 | 4212.7 | -23.3 | 0.3 | 4189.4 | 2.1 | 0.6 |
| 13-14 Nov. | 16:20-07:36 | FG5-301 | B2 | 130.00 | 4066.2 | 0.7 | 2.1 | -2.776 | 121 | 4091.2 | -22.7 | 0.2 | 4068.5 | 2.1 | 0.2 |


| 4-5 Nov. | 09:00-11:00 | FG5X-104 | B4 | 130.00 | 4061.1 | 1.5 | 2.0 | -2.645 | 125 | 4074.3 | -12.9 | 0.2 | 4061.4 | 2.0 | -0.6 |
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| 6-7 Nov. | 16:40-08:10 | FG5X-104 | C3 | 130.00 | 3946.5 | 1.5 | 2.0 | -2.719 | 125 | 3960.1 | -12.8 | 0.2 | 3947.3 | 2.0 | -0.1 |
| 7-8 Nov. | 10:00-08:00 | FG5X-104 | A5 | 130.00 | 4182.9 | 1.5 | 2.0 | -2.629 | 125 | 4196.0 | -12.8 | 0.2 | 4183.2 | 2.0 | 0.2 |
| 5-6 Nov. | 16:17-03:17 | FG5X-209 | A3 | 130.00 | 4204.2 | 1.0 | 2.1 | -2.620 | 125 | 4217.3 | -13.0 | 0.2 | 4204.3 | 2.1 | -0.6 |
| 6-7 Nov. | 16:30-07:30 | FG5X-209 | B3 | 130.00 | 4066.2 | 0.9 | 2.1 | -2.746 | 125 | 4079.9 | -13.1 | 0.2 | 4066.8 | 2.1 | -0.1 |
| 7-8 Nov. | 15:51-02:51 | FG5X-209 | C3 | 130.00 | 3946.2 | 0.7 | 2.1 | -2.719 | 125 | 3959.8 | -12.8 | 0.2 | 3947.0 | 2.1 | 0.4 |
| 5-6 Nov. | 18:08-08:08 | FG5X-216 | A5 | 130.00 | 4182.7 | 1.7 | 2.1 | -2.629 | 125 | 4195.8 | -12.8 | 0.2 | 4183.0 | 2.1 | -0.5 |
| 6-7 Nov. | 16:38-08:38 | FG5X-216 | B5 | 130.00 | 4048.9 | 1.1 | 2.1 | -2.677 | 125 | 4062.3 | -12.4 | 0.2 | 4049.9 | 2.1 | -0.1 |
| 7-8 Nov. | 18:08-17:38 | FG5X-216 | C5 | 130.00 | 3939.1 | 0.9 | 2.1 | -2.642 | 125 | 3952.3 | -12.0 | 0.2 | 3940.3 | 2.1 | 0.2 |
| 11-12 Nov. | 18:22-06:52 | FG5X-220 | B1 | 125.00 | 4092.7 | 1.2 | 2.1 | -2.881 | 125 | 4092.7 | -13.3 | 0.2 | 4079.4 | 2.1 | 0.3 |
| 12-13 Nov. | 17:02-08:02 | FG5X-220 | C3 | 125.00 | 3964.4 | 0.8 | 2.1 | -2.719 | 125 | 3964.4 | -12.8 | 0.2 | 3951.6 | 2.1 | 0.6 |
| 13-14 Nov. | 16:16-06:46 | FG5X-220 | C4 | 125.00 | 3960.5 | 0.7 | 2.1 | -2.616 | 125 | 3960.5 | -12.7 | 0.2 | 3947.8 | 2.1 | 0.2 |
| 5-6 Nov. | 16:34-08:27 | FG5X-221 | A2 | 126.40 | 4226.6 | 0.2 | 2.3 | -2.715 | 125 | 4230.4 | -13.6 | 0.2 | 4216.8 | 2.3 | -0.5 |
| 6-7 Nov. | 15:25-07:18 | FG5X-221 | B2 | 126.30 | 4082.1 | 0.2 | 2.3 | -2.776 | 125 | 4085.7 | -12.6 | 0.1 | 4073.1 | 2.3 | -0.1 |
| 7-8 Nov. | 14:45-06:38 | FG5X-221 | C 2 | 126.20 | 3958.7 | 0.1 | 2.3 | -2.730 | 125 | 3962.0 | -14.1 | 0.2 | 3947.9 | 2.3 | 0.3 |
| 4-5 Nov. | 12:00-06:00 | FG5X-302 | B5 | 130.00 | 4048.0 | 0.2 | 2.1 | -2.677 | 125 | 4061.4 | -12.4 | 0.2 | 4049.0 | 2.1 | -0.6 |
| 6-7 Nov. | 12:00-06:00 | FG5X-302 | C4 | 130.00 | 3946.7 | 0.4 | 2.1 | -2.616 | 125 | 3959.8 | -12.7 | 0.2 | 3947.1 | 2.1 | -0.1 |
| 7-8 Nov. | 12:00-06:00 | FG5X-302 | A1 | 130.00 | 4227.1 | 0.3 | 2.1 | -2.897 | 125 | 4241.6 | -12.9 | 0.2 | 4228.7 | 2.1 | 0.3 |
| 11-12 Nov. | 17:05-09:06 | IMGC02 | B5 | 47.09 | 4256.1 | 0.9 | 5.2 | -2.677 |  |  | -212.4 | 1.0 | 4043.7 | 5.3 | 0.3 |
| 13 Nov. | 08:09-13:20 | IMGC02 | C2 | 48.22 | 4168.3 | 1.4 | 5.2 | -2.730 |  |  | -228.3 | 1.1 | 3940.0 | 5.3 | 0.4 |
| 13-14 Nov. | 17:27-07:58 | IMGC02 | C3 | 48.05 | 4171.3 | 0.8 | 5.2 | -2.719 |  |  | -216.0 | 0.9 | 3955.3 | 5.3 | 0.2 |
| 8-9 Nov. | 21:00-06:09 | NIM-3A | A3 | 103.80 | 4273.9 | 3.6 | 5.1 | -2.620 |  |  | -68.4 | 0.9 | 4205.5 | 5.2 | 0 |
| 9-10 Nov. | 21:00-06:09 | NIM-3A | C2 | 103.80 | 4017.7 | 3.2 | 4.8 | -2.730 |  |  | -73.6 | 0.8 | 3944.1 | 4.9 | -0.1 |
| 10-11 Nov. | 21:00-06:09 | NIM-3A | B5 | 103.80 | 4120.6 | 3.6 | 5.1 | -2.677 |  |  | -65.4 | 0.7 | 4055.2 | 5.1 | -0.1 |
| 3 Nov. | 12:28-21:28 | T-2 | C4 | 119.50 | 3984.8 | 0.9 | 5.0 | -2.616 |  |  | -26.6 | 0.3 | 3958.2 | 5.0 | -0.1 |
| 3-4 Nov. | 23:15-08:15 | T-2 | A5 | 119.50 | 4214.9 | 0.7 | 5.0 | -2.629 |  |  | -26.8 | 0.3 | 4188.1 | 5.0 | -0.1 |
| 4 Nov. | 10:08-18:38 | T-2 | B3 | 119.50 | 4104.5 | 1.1 | 5.0 | -2.746 |  |  | -27.6 | 0.4 | 4076.9 | 5.0 | -0.5 |

## 4. Measurement strategy

All 15 gravity sites of the Underground Laboratory for Geodynamics in Walferdange (5 on 3 different platforms) were used during the comparison. Each gravimeter measured on the three platforms insofar possible. The schedule was arranged in such a way that two instruments did not measure twice at the same site. There are some exceptions due to glitches in the measurements schedule. In addition, the program has been optimized in such a way that each station was measured by 4 to 6 gravimeters (Table 3). Each gravimeter has a direct link (i.e. measured at the same stations) to at least 8 other gravimeters.

Table 3. Site occupation for each gravimeter.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A10-006 | X | X |  |  |  |  |  | X |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A10-020 |  | X |  |  |  |  |  |  | X |  |  |  |  | X |  |
| CAG-01 |  | X |  | X |  |  |  | X |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| FG5-102 |  |  | X | X |  |  |  |  |  | X |  |  |  |  |  |
| FG5-202 |  |  |  | X |  |  |  | X |  |  |  | X |  |  |  |
| FG5-206 |  | X | X |  |  |  |  |  | X |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| FG5-213 |  | X |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | X | X |  |  |  |  |
| FG5-215 |  |  | X |  |  |  | X |  |  |  | X |  |  |  |  |
| FG5-218 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | X |  |  | X |  |  |  | X |
| FG5-223 | X |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | X |  |  |  |  |  | X |
| FG5-228 |  |  |  | X |  |  | X |  |  |  |  |  | X |  |  |
| FG5-231 |  |  |  | X | X | X |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| FG5-233 | X |  |  |  |  | X |  |  |  |  | X |  |  |  |  |
| FG5-234 |  |  |  |  |  |  | X |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | X |
| FG5-242 |  |  |  |  |  | X |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| FG5-301 |  |  |  | X |  |  | X |  |  |  | X |  |  |  |  |
| FG5X-104 |  |  |  |  | X |  |  |  | X |  |  |  | X |  |  |
| FG5X-209 |  |  | X |  |  |  |  | X |  |  |  |  | X |  |  |
| FG5X-216 |  |  |  |  | X |  |  |  |  | X |  |  |  |  | X |
| FG5X-220 |  |  |  |  |  | X |  |  |  |  |  |  | X | X |  |
| FG5X-221 |  | X |  |  |  |  | X |  |  |  |  | X |  |  |  |
| FG5X-302 | X |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | X |  |  |  | X |  |
| IMGC02 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | X |  | X | X |  |  |
| NIM-3A |  |  | X |  |  |  |  |  |  | X |  | X |  |  |  |
| T-2 |  |  |  |  | X |  |  | X |  |  |  |  |  | X |  |
| TOTAL | 4 | 6 | 5 | 6 | 4 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 4 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 5 | 5 | 4 |

The comparison was organized in two consecutive sessions (Figure 1). The first one took place from the $5^{\text {th }}$ to the $7^{\text {th }}$ of November 2013 with 11 gravimeters. The second session with 12 gravimeters started the $12^{\text {th }}$ of November 2013 and finished the $14^{\text {th }}$ of November 2013. The atomic gravimeter (CAG-01) measured prior the official dates as it needs more room. The FG5-223 measured in February 2014 as it was not ready in November 2013. The geophysical gravity variations being monitored with the SG are taking into account.


Figure 1. The gravity variations as observed with the superconducting gravimeter OSG-CT040 during the ICAG-2013 are displayed on top of the measurement time windows of the absolute gravimeters (bold blue lines).

## 5. Data elaboration

As each gravimeter measured at only three of the 15 sites, the $g$-values cannot be directly compared. The same procedure used in the ECAG-2011 comparison in Walferdange [3] was adopted.

A global weighted least-square adjustment is performed using as inputs the g-values given by the operators and their associated uncertainties. The uncertainties (strictly speaking the inverse square of the uncertainties: $1 / \mathrm{u}^{2}$ ) are used to weight the gravity observations in the least-square adjustment. The outputs are the g-value at each site and the bias (or Degree of Equivalence (DoE)) for each instrument including their uncertainties multiplied by the coverage factor $\mathrm{k}=2$. The observation equation is:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \mathrm{g}_{\mathrm{ik}}=\mathrm{g}_{\mathrm{k}}+\delta_{\mathrm{i}}+\varepsilon_{\mathrm{ik}} \\
& \text { with the condition } \sum_{i} \delta_{i}=0
\end{aligned}
$$

where $\mathrm{g}_{\mathrm{ik}}$ is the gravity value at the site k given by the instrument $\mathrm{i}, \mathrm{g}_{\mathrm{k}}$ is the adjusted gravity value at the site k or the site dependent Key Comparison Reference Value (KCRV), $\delta_{\mathrm{i}}$ the systematic error or the bias (i.e. DoE ) of gravimeter i (which is assumed to be constant during the comparison) and $\varepsilon_{\mathrm{ik}}$ the random error. This additional condition allows us regularizing the ill-posed problem. Without it, there would be indeed an infinite number of solutions by adding the same constant at all the biases.

The final adjustment includes the data of all the gravimeters that participated in the Key Comparison (KC). All the g-values are corrected for the observed geophysical gravity changes with the SG. In order to constrain the KC solution, the gravity differences between the sites measured by the other 15 gravimeters belonging neither to NMI nor DI were included in the adjustment. Each of those gravimeters measured at three sites: two new observations are formed by taking the gravity differences between the $g$-value at the first occupied station (referred below as the reference station for that specific gravimeter) and the $g$-values at the two other stations occupied by the same gravimeter. This procedure eliminates the assumed (by definition) "constant offsets" of the gravimeters. The variances of these new observations are obtained by summing up the variances of $g$-value at the reference station and of the $g$-values at the paired station. This simple mathematical operation induces a correlation between the two newly formed observations as the $g$-value of the reference station is the common reference. As it can be proved easily, the covariance is simply the variance of the gvalue at the reference station.

## 6. Results

### 6.1 First solution

For the first solution, all the measurements presented by the operators were included in the weighted least-square adjustment. The References Values (RVs) and the Degrees of Equivalence (DoEs) are presented in Tables 4 and 5 and Figure 2.

Table 4. Reference Values (RVs) of $g$ using all the absolute observations from the NMI/DIs and gravity differences measured by the non-NMI/DIs. The constant value 980960000.0 $\mu \mathrm{Gal}$ is subtracted from the $\mathrm{RVs}, \mathrm{U}$ is the expanded uncertainty at $95 \%$ confidence.

| Site | $\mathbf{R V s}$ <br> $/ \boldsymbol{\mu G a l}$ | $\boldsymbol{U}(\mathbf{k}=\mathbf{9 5 \%})$ <br> $/ \boldsymbol{\mu} \mathbf{G a l}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| A1 | 4228.7 | 3.9 |
| A2 | 4216.5 | 3.3 |
| A3 | 4206.6 | 2.9 |
| A4 | 4190.0 | 2.6 |
| A5 | 4183.4 | 3.2 |
| B1 | 4077.0 | 3.3 |
| B2 | 4072.3 | 2.8 |
| B3 | 4069.1 | 3.1 |
| B4 | 4063.0 | 3.5 |
| B5 | 4049.5 | 2.9 |
| C1 | 3952.3 | 2.8 |
| C2 | 3945.2 | 3.7 |
| C3 | 3948.3 | 2.7 |
| C4 | 3946.4 | 3.5 |
| C5 | 3942.9 | 3.2 |

Table 5. Degrees of Equivalence (DoE) of the gravimeters participating in the KC. The uncertainty $U$ represents the expanded uncertainties of the DoE at $95 \%$ confidence.

Gravimeter
Key Comparison Results first adjustment
\(\left.$$
\begin{array}{lcc}\hline & \begin{array}{c}\text { DoE } \\
/ \boldsymbol{\mu} \mathbf{G a l}\end{array}
$$ \& \boldsymbol{U}(\mathbf{k}=\mathbf{9 5 \%}) <br>

/ \boldsymbol{\mu} \mathbf{G a l}\end{array}\right]\)|  | +5.9 | 3.8 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| CAG-01 | -4.0 | 3.1 |
| FG5-213 | +0.1 | 3.0 |
| FG5-215 | -1.6 | 5.7 |
| FG5-231 | +1.4 | 3.0 |
| FG5-242 | -0.8 | 2.9 |
| FG5X-104 | -1.9 | 3.2 |
| FG5X-209 | +1.3 | 5.8 |
| FG5X-221 | -1.6 | 5.6 |
| IMGC02 | +1.2 | 4.3 |
| NIM-3A | 2.7 |  |



Figure 2. Degrees of Equivalence (DoE) of the gravimeters participating in the KC using the gravity differences between the sites from all gravimeters which do not belong to a NMI/DI. The error bars represent the expanded uncertainties (U) at $95 \%$ confidence.

In Table 6, the g -values of the NMI/DIs' gravimeters are compared to the RVs. The differences between the gravimeters measurements and the corresponding RVs are calculated along their uncertainties. Those are given by the square root of the sum of the square of the expanded uncertainty ( $\mathrm{k}=95 \%$ ) of the g -value and of the RV. In addition, we also calculated the compatibility index $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{n}}$ defined by:

$$
E_{n}=\frac{\left|x_{i}-x_{j}\right|}{\sqrt{U^{2}\left(x_{i}\right)+U^{2}\left(x_{j}\right)}}
$$

In other words, this is the ratio between the difference of two estimated values and the expanded uncertainty ( $k=95 \%$ ) of the difference. An $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{n}}$ factor lager than 1 indicates that the two values are incompatible as their difference cannot be covered by their uncertainties. It means that either one of the two values is corrupted or the declared uncertainties are too small. For the NMI/DI gravimeters, the index factor (Table 6) of only one measurement marked in red is higher than 1. For the non-NMI/DI gravimeters, the gravity differences (Table 7) are all compatible with the differences of the RVs.

Table 6. Comparison between the NMI/DI's gravimeter measurements and the Reference Values (RVs). $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{n}}$ is the compatibility index (see text for details). The uncertainty U represents the expanded uncertainties at $95 \%$ confidence.

| Gravimeter | Site | Gravimeter $g$-value | $\underset{(\mathrm{k}=95 \%)}{\boldsymbol{U}}$ | KCRV | $\underset{(\mathrm{k}=95 \%)}{\boldsymbol{U}}$ | Difference | $\underset{(\mathrm{k}=95 \%)}{\boldsymbol{U}}$ | $\mathbf{E}_{\mathrm{n}}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $/ \mu \mathrm{Gal}$ | $/ \mu \mathrm{Gal}$ | $/ \mu \mathrm{Gal}$ | $/ \mu \mathrm{Gal}$ | $/ \mu \mathrm{Gal}$ | $/ \mu \mathrm{Gal}$ |  |
| CAG-01 | A2 | 4219.1 | 10.8 | 4216.5 | 3.3 | 2.6 | 11.3 | 0.2 |
| CAG-01 | A4 | 4193.2 | 10.6 | 4190.0 | 2.6 | 3.2 | 10.9 | 0.3 |
| CAG-01 | B3 | 4080.8 | 10.6 | 4069.1 | 3.1 | 11.7 | 11.0 | 1.1 |
| FG5-213 | A2 | 4212.9 | 5.0 | 4216.5 | 3.3 | -3.6 | 6.0 | 0.6 |
| FG5-213 | B5 | 4043.5 | 5.0 | 4049.5 | 2.9 | -6.0 | 5.8 | 1.0 |
| FG5-213 | C1 | 3950.0 | 5.0 | 3952.3 | 2.8 | -2.3 | 5.7 | 0.4 |
| FG5-215 | A3 | 4207.5 | 4.6 | 4206.6 | 2.9 | 0.9 | 5.4 | 0.2 |
| FG5-215 | B2 | 4071.8 | 4.6 | 4072.3 | 2.8 | -0.5 | 5.4 | 0.1 |
| FG5-215 | C1 | 3952.1 | 4.6 | 3952.3 | 2.8 | -0.2 | 5.4 | 0.0 |
| FG5-231 | A4 | 4189.8 | 4.2 | 4190.0 | 2.6 | -0.2 | 4.9 | 0.0 |
| FG5-231 | A5 | 4180.8 | 4.2 | 4183.4 | 3.2 | -2.6 | 5.3 | 0.5 |
| FG5-231 | B1 | 4074.9 | 4.2 | 4077.0 | 3.3 | -2.1 | 5.3 | 0.4 |
| FG5-242 | B1 | 4078.4 | 5.2 | 4077.0 | 3.3 | 1.4 | 6.2 | 0.2 |
| FG5X-104 | A5 | 4183.0 | 4.0 | 4183.4 | 3.2 | -0.4 | 5.1 | 0.1 |
| FG5X-104 | B4 | 4062.0 | 4.0 | 4063.0 | 3.5 | -1.0 | 5.3 | 0.2 |
| FG5X-104 | C3 | 3947.4 | 4.0 | 3948.3 | 2.7 | -0.9 | 4.8 | 0.2 |
| FG5X-209 | A3 | 4204.9 | 4.2 | 4206.6 | 2.9 | -1.7 | 5.1 | 0.3 |
| FG5X-209 | B3 | 4066.9 | 4.2 | 4069.1 | 3.1 | -2.2 | 5.2 | 0.4 |
| FG5X-209 | C3 | 3946.6 | 4.2 | 3948.3 | 2.7 | -1.7 | 5.0 | 0.3 |
| FG5X-221 | A2 | 4217.3 | 4.6 | 4216.5 | 3.3 | 0.8 | 5.7 | 0.1 |
| FG5X-221 | B2 | 4073.2 | 4.6 | 4072.3 | 2.8 | 0.9 | 5.4 | 0.2 |
| FG5X-221 | C2 | 3947.6 | 4.6 | 3945.2 | 3.7 | 2.4 | 5.9 | 0.4 |
| IMGC02 | B5 | 4043.4 | 10.6 | 4049.5 | 2.9 | -6.1 | 11.0 | 0.6 |


| IMGC02 | C2 | 3939.6 | 10.6 | 3945.2 | 3.7 | -5.6 | 11.2 | $\mathbf{0 . 5}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| IMGC02 | C3 | 3955.1 | 10.6 | 3948.3 | 2.7 | 6.8 | 10.9 | $\mathbf{0 . 6}$ |
| NIM-3A | A3 | 4205.5 | 10.4 | 4206.8 | 2.9 | -1.1 | 10.8 | $\mathbf{0 . 1}$ |
| NIM-3A | B5 | 4055.3 | 10.2 | 4049.5 | 2.9 | 5.8 | 10.6 | $\mathbf{0 . 5}$ |
| NIM-3A | C2 | 3944.2 | 9.8 | 3945.2 | 3.7 | -1.0 | 10.5 | $\mathbf{0 . 1}$ |

Table 7. Comparison between the gravity differences between sites as measured by the nonNMI/DI's gravimeters and the differences of the Reference Values (RVs) for the same sites. $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{n}}$ is the compatibility index (see text for details). The uncertainty U represents the expanded uncertainties at $95 \%$ confidence.

| Gravimeter | Sites | $\Delta g$ measured by the gravimeter $/ \mu \mathrm{Gal}$ | $\begin{gathered} \underset{(\mathrm{k}=95 \%)}{\boldsymbol{U}} \\ / \boldsymbol{\mu \mathrm { Gal }} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \Delta g \text { of the } \\ & \text { RVs } \\ & \quad / \mu \mathrm{Gal} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \underset{(k=95 \%)}{\boldsymbol{U}} \\ / \boldsymbol{\mu G a l} \end{gathered}$ | $\mathbf{E}_{\mathrm{n}}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A10-006 | B3-A2 | -140.9 | 30.3 | -147.4 | 4.5 | 0.2 |
| A10-006 | A1-A2 | 27.5 | 30.3 | 12.2 | 5.1 | 0.5 |
| A10-020 | A2-C4 | 272.2 | 15.0 | 270.1 | 4.8 | 0.1 |
| A10-020 | B4-C4 | 120.9 | 15.1 | 116.6 | 4.9 | 0.3 |
| FG5-102 | B5-A4 | -138.1 | 5.9 | -140.5 | 3.9 | 0.4 |
| FG5-102 | A3-A4 | 19.7 | 5.9 | 16.6 | 3.9 | 0.5 |
| FG5-202 | B3-A4 | -122.8 | 5.9 | -120.9 | 4.0 | 0.3 |
| FG5-202 | C2-A4 | -244.4 | 5.9 | -244.8 | 4.5 | 0.1 |
| FG5-206 | B4-A3 | -141.0 | 6.8 | -143.6 | 4.5 | 0.4 |
| FG5-206 | A2-A3 | 12.5 | 6.8 | 9.9 | 4.4 | 0.4 |
| FG5-218 | C5-B3 | -125.4 | 5.1 | -126.2 | 4.5 | 0.2 |
| FG5-218 | C1-B3 | -118.6 | 5.1 | -116.8 | 4.2 | 0.3 |
| FG5-223 | A1-C5 | 285.6 | 5.9 | 285.8 | 5.0 | 0.2 |
| FG5-223 | B4-C5 | 117.8 | 5.9 | 120.1 | 4.7 | 0.3 |
| FG5-228 | A4-C3 | 242.7 | 5.4 | 241.7 | 3.7 | 0.2 |
| FG5-228 | B2-C3 | 125.6 | 5.4 | 124.0 | 3.9 | 0.3 |
| FG5-233 | B1-A1 | -150.9 | 6.8 | -151.7 | 5.1 | 0.1 |
| FG5-233 | C1-A1 | -278.6 | 6.8 | -276.4 | 4.8 | 0.3 |
| FG5-234 | C4-B2 | -126.6 | 5.9 | -125.9 | 4.5 | 0.1 |
| FG5-234 | C5-B2 | -131.0 | 5.9 | -129.4 | 4.3 | 0.2 |
| FG5-301 | A4-C1 | 238.0 | 5.9 | 237.7 | 3.8 | 0.1 |
| FG5-301 | B2-C1 | 117.5 | 5.9 | 120.0 | 4.0 | 0.4 |
| FG5X-216 | B5-A5 | -133.5 | 5.9 | -133.9 | 4.3 | 0.1 |
| FG5X-216 | C5-A5 | -243.4 | 5.9 | -240.5 | 4.5 | 0.4 |
| FG5X-220 | C3-B1 | -128.1 | 5.9 | -128.7 | 4.3 | 0.1 |
| FG5X-220 | C4-B1 | -131.5 | 5.9 | -130.6 | 4.8 | 0.1 |
| FG5X-302 | C4-B5 | -102.4 | 5.9 | -103.1 | 4.5 | 0.1 |
| FG5X-302 | A1-B5 | 178.8 | 5.9 | 179.2 | 4.9 | 0.1 |
| T-2 | A5-C4 | 229.9 | 14.1 | 237.0 | 4.7 | 0.5 |
| T-2 | B3-C4 | 119.1 | 14.1 | 122.7 | 4.7 | 0.2 |

### 6.2 Second and final solution

### 6.2.1. Key Comparison

A new adjustment is performed excluding the measurement for which the compatibility index is higher than 1: CAG-01 at B3. This procedure allows us to exclude outliers in order to obtain the best estimates for the KCRVs. However, the excluded measurements will be considered when computing the final and official DoEs.

The results of the adjustment without the excluded measurement are presented in Tables 8 and 9 and in Figure 3. The compatibility indexes of the NMI/DI gravimeters are not presented here as they are all smaller than 1 .

Table 8. Key Comparison Reference Values (KCRVs) of $g$ using only the absolute observations from the NMI/DIs which are "compatible" and gravity differences measured by the non-NMI/DIs. The constant value $980960000.0 \mu \mathrm{Gal}$ is subtracted from the KCRVs, U is the expanded uncertainty at $95 \%$ confidence.

| Site | Official Key Comparison Results |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | KCRVs <br> $/ \boldsymbol{\mu} \mathbf{G a l}$ | $\boldsymbol{U}(\mathbf{k}=\mathbf{9 5 \%})$ |
| $\boldsymbol{\mu \mathbf { G a l }})$ |  |  |
|  | 4228.4 | 3.9 |
| A1 | 4216.5 | 3.3 |
| A2 | 4206.3 | 2.9 |
| A3 | 4189.7 | 2.6 |
| A4 | 4183.1 | 3.2 |
| A5 | 4076.7 | 3.4 |
| B1 | 4072.0 | 2.8 |
| B2 | 4068.4 | 3.2 |
| B3 | 4062.6 | 3.5 |
| B4 | 4049.2 | 3.0 |
| B5 | 3951.9 | 2.9 |
| C1 | 3945.0 | 3.7 |
| C2 | 3948.0 | 2.8 |
| C3 | 3946.1 | 3.6 |
| C4 | 3942.5 | 3.3 |
| C5 |  |  |

Table 9. Degrees of Equivalence (DoE) of the gravimeters participating in the KC as estimated in the weighted least-square adjustment (see Annex B). The uncertainty U represents the expanded uncertainties of the DoE at $95 \%$ confidence.

## Gravimeter Key Comparison Results: A

\(\left.$$
\begin{array}{lcc}\hline & \begin{array}{c}\text { DoE } \\
/ \boldsymbol{\mu G a l}\end{array}
$$ \& \boldsymbol{U}(\mathbf{k}=\mathbf{9 5 \%}) <br>

/ \boldsymbol{\mu} \mathbf{G a l}\end{array}\right]\)|  | +3.1 | 3.1 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| CAG-01 | -3.7 | 3.1 |
| FG5-213 | +0.4 | 3.0 |
| FG5-215 | -1.3 | 5.7 |
| FG5-231 | +1.7 | 3.1 |
| FG5-242 | -0.4 | 3.0 |
| FG5X-104 | -1.4 | 3.2 |
| FG5X-209 | +1.5 | 5.8 |
| FG5X-221 | -1.3 | 5.6 |
| IMGC02 | +1.5 | 4.5 |
| NIM-3A | 2.0 |  |
| RMS |  |  |



Figure 3. Degrees of Equivalence (DoE) of the gravimeters participating in the KC using the gravity differences between the sites from all gravimeters, which do not belong to a NMI/DI from the weighted least-square adjustment. The error bars represent the expanded uncertainties (U) of the DoE at $95 \%$ confidence.

The DoEs of the CAG-01 are not the same in Table 9 and Tables 10 and 11 because the measurement of the CAG-01 at B3 was excluded to produce the results presented in Table 9 whereas this measurement was taken into account in Tables 10 and 11. There are other differences mainly on the uncertainties of the DoE which are higher in Table 10 than in Table 9: $5 \%$ on average and maximum $10 \%$. The reason is that the covariance between the measured gravity and the KCRV is not considered to produce the results in Table 10. As the uncertainties are only slightly higher, additional complications by taking the covariance into account seems pointless.

Table 10. Degrees of Equivalence (DoE) of the gravimeters participating in the KC calculated from the difference between the gravimeter measurements and the KCRVs. The uncertainty U represents the expanded uncertainties of the DoE at $95 \%$ confidence.

Gravimeter
Key Comparison Results: B

|  | DoE <br> $/ \boldsymbol{\mu} \mathbf{G a l}$ | $\boldsymbol{U}(\mathbf{k}=\mathbf{9 5 \%})$ <br> $/ \boldsymbol{\mu} \mathbf{G a l}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| CAG-01 | +6.2 | 6.4 |
| FG5-213 | -3.7 | 3.4 |
| FG5-215 | +0.4 | 3.1 |
| FG5-231 | -1.3 | 3.0 |
| FG5-242 | +1.7 | 6.2 |
| FG5X-104 | -0.4 | 3.0 |
| FG5X-209 | -1.4 | 3.0 |
| FG5X-221 | +1.5 | 3.3 |
| IMGC02 | -1.4 | 6.4 |
| NIM-3A | +1.5 | 6.1 |
| RMS | 2.7 | 4.7 |



Figure 4. Degrees of Equivalence (DoE) of the gravimeters participating in the KC calculated from the difference between the gravimeter measurements and the KCRVs. The error bars represent the expanded uncertainties ( U ) of the DoE at $95 \%$ confidence.

In Tables 5, 9, and 10 the uncertainty $U$ represents the uncertainty of the DoE as determined in the comparison. This uncertainty depends on the declared uncertainty of gravimeter in question and on the observation structure of the comparison, above all on the number of station occupations by the gravimeter (typically $\mathrm{N}=3$ ). It can be shown that with increasing N the uncertainty of the DoE determined in this way decreases approximately in proportion to $1 / \sqrt{N}$. Thus this uncertainty is not appropriate for assessing the compatibility of the DoE with the declared uncertainty of the gravimeter. Using it effectively implies an uncertainty model where with increasing N the DoE of a gravimeter should converge towards zero for the gravimeter to stay in equivalence.

For assessing equivalence (Table 11 and Figure 5) we therefore couple the DoE with the RMS of the uncertainties (last column of Annex B, above the lines) of the $1-3$ differences between the gravimeter measurements and the KCRV that go into the determination of the DoE of the gravimeter. This RMS uncertainty is presented at the $95 \%$ level. All the gravimeters in the KC are in equivalence.

Table 11. Official Key Comparison results. Degrees of Equivalence (DoE) of the gravimeters participating in the KC. The DoE is calculated from the difference between the gravimeter measurements and the KCRVs as in Table 10. The uncertainty U , is the RMS uncertainty of the 1-3 differences. It represents the expanded uncertainty at $95 \%$ confidence.
$\left.\begin{array}{lcc}\hline \text { Gravimeter } & \text { Official Key Comparison Results } \\ & & \\ \hline & \text { DoE } & \boldsymbol{U}(\mathbf{k}=\mathbf{9 5 \%}) \\ / \boldsymbol{\mu} \mathbf{G a l}\end{array}\right)$


Figure 5. Official Key Comparison results from Table 11. Degrees of Equivalence (DoE) of the gravimeters participating in the KC calculated from the difference between the gravimeter measurements and the KCRVs. The error bars represent the expanded uncertainties (U) at $95 \%$ confidence.

## 7. Conclusions

In the framework of the International CCM.G-K2 Key Comparison of absolute gravimeters, 10 gravimeters from different NMIs and DIs were compared in accordance of the technical protocol established and accepted by all participants.

The gravity differences between sites measured by gravimeters of 15 non-metrological institutes were included in the final adjustment. The procedure eliminates the biases of the non-NMI/DI's gravimeters providing a better estimate of the gravity ties between the 15 sites used during the comparison.

The KCRVs and DoEs have been estimated by a weighted least-square adjustment of the g -values of the NMI/DI's gravimeters and the gravity differences measured by the nonNMI/DI's gravimeters. The weights are computed from the uncertainties provided by the operators and the uncertainties in the g transfer to the comparison reference height of 1.3 m . One measurement from a NMI gravimeter was found to be not in equivalence based on the compatibility index $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{n}}$. The observation was discarded to estimate the KCRVs but reintroduced to calculate the DoE of the gravimeter.

In conclusion, the DoEs of the 10 NMI and DI gravimeters are comprised between -3.7 and $+6.2 \mu \mathrm{Gal}$ with a RMS of $2.7 \mu \mathrm{Gal}$. They are all in equivalence. For the PS, 1 of the 15 gravimeters is not in equivalence (ANNEX C).

## 8. References

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## ANNEX A: Vertical gravity gradient

In November 2013, one week after the comparison, Dr. Filippo Greco and Arnaud Watlet performed relative gravity measurements with the Scintrex CG5\#008 from the University of Luxembourg and Scintrex CG5\#542 from the Royal Observatory of Belgium, respectively. They measured at three different heights $(0.26 \mathrm{~m}, 0.86 \mathrm{~m}$ and 1.27 m$)$ at all the 15 sites in less than a week.

The vertical gravity is parameterized as function of the height z by a second degree polynomial:

$$
g(z)=a z^{2}+b z+c
$$

A least-squares fit provides with the coefficients $\mathrm{a}, \mathrm{b}$ and c as well as $\sigma_{\mathrm{a}}, \sigma_{\mathrm{b}}$ and $\sigma_{\mathrm{ab}}$ (standard deviation and covariance). The data processing was done by O. Francis. The results are presented in Table A1. The coefficient c is omitted as it is of no use.

Table A1. Parameters and associated uncertainties of the second degree polynomial for the vertical gravity gradient measured in November 2013.

| Site | a <br> $/ \mu \mathrm{Gal} \mathrm{m}^{-2}$ | $\sigma_{\mathrm{a}}$ <br> $/ \mu \mathrm{Galm}^{-2}$ | b <br> $/ \mu \mathrm{Gal} \mathrm{m}^{-1}$ | $\sigma_{\mathrm{b}}$ <br> $/ \mu \mathrm{Gal} \mathrm{m}^{-1}$ | $\sigma_{\mathrm{ab}}$ <br> $/ \mu \mathrm{Gal}^{2} \mathrm{~m}^{-3}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A1 | 9.6 | 3.4 | -283.2 | 4.9 | -16.6 |
| A2 | 0.5 | 3.1 | -272.6 | 4.7 | -14.6 |
| A3 | 8.3 | 4.2 | -280.3 | 6.4 | -26.4 |
| A4 | 4.7 | 2.7 | -271.1 | 4.2 | -11.2 |
| A5 | 4.0 | 3.0 | -265.2 | 4.6 | -13.9 |
| B1 | 12.8 | 3.1 | -299.5 | 4.6 | -14.0 |
| B2 | 20.0 | 2.4 | -301.9 | 3.4 | -7.8 |
| B3 | 9.8 | 3.3 | -287.2 | 5.0 | -16.3 |
| B4 | 5.5 | 3.0 | -271.2 | 4.5 | -13.4 |
| B5 | 11.4 | 3.0 | -276.4 | 4.4 | -13.0 |
| C1 | 17.2 | 3.2 | -304.6 | 4.7 | -14.7 |
| C2 | -3.0 | 3.4 | -273.7 | 4.9 | -16.3 |
| C3 | 9.9 | 2.8 | -281.1 | 4.2 | -11.7 |
| C4 | 12.2 | 3.3 | -284.1 | 5.0 | -16.0 |
| C5 | 23.2 | 3.0 | -299.3 | 4.6 | -13.6 |

The gravity difference between height $\mathrm{z}_{1}$ and $\mathrm{z}_{2}$ is given by:

$$
\Delta g\left(z_{1}-z_{2}\right)=g\left(z_{2}\right)-g\left(z_{1}\right)=a \times\left(z_{2}^{2}-z_{1}^{2}\right)+b \times\left(z_{2}-z_{1}\right)
$$

and the associated uncertainty

$$
\sigma_{\Delta g}^{2}=\left(z_{2}^{2}-z_{1}^{2}\right)^{2} \times \sigma_{a}^{2}+\left(z_{2}-z_{1}\right)^{2} \times \sigma_{b}^{2}+2 \times\left(z_{2}^{2}-z_{1}^{2}\right) \times\left(z_{2}-z_{1}\right) \times \sigma_{a b}^{2}
$$

These are the two formulas used in this report to transfer the gravity values along the vertical from any height to the instrumental reference height defined for the comparison of 1.30 m .

## ANNEX B: Comparison between the gravity measurements and the KCRVs.

The differences between the gravimeter measurement and the KCVR are calculated for each gravimeter at each occupied site. The associated variances $\left(\mathrm{U}^{2}\right)$ are computed by summing up the variances of different constituents. The DoEs are then obtained by averaging these differences and the variances are calculated by summing up the different constituents divide by the number of constituent. The uncertainty $U$ represents the expanded uncertainties at $95 \%$ confidence.

| Gravimeter | Site | Gravimeter $g$-values $/ \mu \mathbf{G a l}$ | $\begin{gathered} \boldsymbol{U} \\ (\mathrm{k}=95 \%) \\ / \mu \mathrm{Gal} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { KCRVs } \\ / \mu \mathrm{Gal} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} U \\ (\mathrm{k}=95 \%) \\ / \mu \mathrm{Gal}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Differences } \\ \text { DoEs } \\ / \mu \mathrm{Gal} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} U \\ (\mathbf{k}=95 \%) \\ / \mu \mathrm{Gal} \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Average $/ \mu \mathrm{Gal}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \mathrm{U}(\mathrm{k}=95 \%) \\ / \mu \mathrm{Gal}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| A10-006 | A1 | 4233.3 | 21.4 | 4228.4 | 3.9 | 4.9 | 21.8 |
| A10-006 | A2 | 4205.8 | 21.4 | 4216.5 | 3.3 | -10.7 | 21.7 |
| A10-006 | B3 | 4064.9 | 21.4 | 4068.4 | 3.2 | -3.5 | 21.6 |
| A10-006 |  |  |  |  |  | -3.1 | 12.5 |
| A10-020 | A2 | 4211.6 | 10.8 | 4216.5 | 3.3 | -4.9 | 11.3 |
| A10-020 | B4 | 4060.3 | 11.0 | 4062.6 | 3.5 | -2.3 | 11.5 |
| A10-020 | C4 | 3939.4 | 10.4 | 3946.1 | 3.6 | -6.7 | 11.0 |
| A10-020 |  |  |  |  |  | -4.6 | 6.5 |
| CAG-01 | A2 | 4219.1 | 10.8 | 4216.5 | 3.3 | 2.6 | 11.3 |
| CAG-01 | A4 | 4193.2 | 10.6 | 4189.7 | 2.6 | 3.5 | 10.9 |
| CAG-01 | B3 | 4080.8 | 10.6 | 4068.4 | 3.2 | 12.4 | 11.1 |
| CAG-01 |  |  |  |  |  | 6.2 | 6.4 |
| FG5-102 | A3 | 4202.0 | 4.2 | 4206.3 | 2.9 | -4.3 | 5.1 |
| FG5-102 | A4 | 4182.3 | 4.2 | 4189.7 | 2.6 | -7.4 | 4.9 |
| FG5-102 | B5 | 4044.2 | 4.2 | 4049.2 | 3.0 | -5.0 | 5.2 |
| FG5-102 |  |  |  |  |  | -5.6 | 2.9 |
| FG5-202 | A4 | 4193.1 | 4.2 | 4189.7 | 2.6 | 3.4 | 4.9 |
| FG5-202 | B3 | 4070.3 | 4.2 | 4068.4 | 3.2 | 1.9 | 5.3 |
| FG5-202 | C2 | 3948.7 | 4.2 | 3945.0 | 3.7 | 3.7 | 5.6 |
| FG5-202 |  |  |  |  |  | 3.0 | 3.0 |
| FG5-206 | A2 | 4214.2 | 4.8 | 4216.5 | 3.3 | -2.3 | 5.8 |
| FG5-206 | A3 | 4201.7 | 4.8 | 4206.3 | 2.9 | -4.6 | 5.6 |
| FG5-206 | B4 | 4060.7 | 4.8 | 4062.6 | 3.5 | -1.9 | 5.9 |
| FG5-206 |  |  |  |  |  | -2.9 | 3.3 |


| FG5-213 | A2 | 4212.9 | 5.0 | 4216.5 | 3.3 | -3.6 | 6.0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| FG5-213 | B5 | 4043.5 | 5.0 | 4049.2 | 3.0 | -5.7 | 5.8 |
| FG5-213 | C1 | 3950.0 | 5.0 | 3951.9 | 2.9 | -1.9 | 5.8 |
| FG5-213 |  |  |  |  |  | -3.7 | 3.4 |
| FG5-215 | A3 | 4207.5 | 4.6 | 4206.3 | 2.9 | 1.2 | 5.4 |
| FG5-215 | B2 | 4071.8 | 4.6 | 4072.0 | 2.8 | -0.2 | 5.4 |
| FG5-215 | C1 | 3952.1 | 4.6 | 3951.9 | 2.9 | 0.2 | 5.4 |
| FG5-215 |  |  |  |  |  | 0.4 | 3.1 |
| FG5-218 | B3 | 4069.7 | 3.6 | 4068.4 | 3.2 | 1.3 | 4.8 |
| FG5-218 | C1 | 3951.1 | 3.6 | 3951.9 | 2.9 | -0.8 | 4.6 |
| FG5-218 | C5 | 3944.3 | 3.6 | 3942.5 | 3.3 | 1.8 | 4.9 |
| FG5-218 |  |  |  |  |  | 0.8 | 2.8 |
| FG5-223 | A1 | 4230.4 | 4.2 | 4228.4 | 3.9 | 2.0 | 5.7 |
| FG5-223 | B4 | 4063.6 | 4.2 | 4062.6 | 3.5 | 1.0 | 5.5 |
| FG5-223 | C5 | 3945.8 | 4.2 | 3942.5 | 3.3 | 3.3 | 5.3 |
| FG5-223 |  |  |  |  |  | 2.1 | 3.2 |
| FG5-228 | A4 | 4186.6 | 3.8 | 4189.7 | 2.6 | -3.1 | 4.6 |
| FG5-228 | B2 | 4069.5 | 3.8 | 4072.0 | 2.8 | -2.5 | 4.7 |
| FG5-228 | C3 | 3943.9 | 3.8 | 3948.0 | 2.8 | -4.1 | 4.7 |
| FG5-228 |  |  |  |  |  | -3.2 | 2.7 |
| FG5-231 | A4 | 4189.8 | 4.2 | 4189.7 | 2.6 | 0.1 | 4.9 |
| FG5-231 | A5 | 4180.8 | 4.2 | 4183.1 | 3.2 | -2.3 | 5.3 |
| FG5-231 | B1 | 4074.9 | 4.2 | 4076.7 | 3.4 | -1.8 | 5.4 |
| FG5-231 |  |  |  |  |  | -1.3 | 3.0 |
| FG5-233 | A1 | 4231.0 | 4.8 | 4228.4 | 3.9 | 2.6 | 6.2 |
| FG5-233 | B1 | 4080.1 | 4.8 | 4076.7 | 3.4 | 3.4 | 5.9 |
| FG5-233 | C1 | 3952.4 | 4.8 | 3951.9 | 2.9 | 0.5 | 5.6 |
| FG5-233 |  |  |  |  |  | 2.2 | 3.4 |
| FG5-234 | B2 | 4074.4 | 4.2 | 4072.0 | 2.8 | 2.4 | 5.0 |
| FG5-234 | C4 | 3947.8 | 4.2 | 3946.1 | 3.6 | 1.7 | 5.5 |
| FG5-234 | C5 | 3943.4 | 4.2 | 3942.5 | 3.3 | 0.9 | 5.3 |
| FG5-234 |  |  |  |  |  | 1.7 | 3.1 |


| FG5-301 | A4 | 4188.8 | 4.2 | 4189.7 | 2.6 | -0.9 | 4.9 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| FG5-301 | B2 | 4068.3 | 4.2 | 4072.0 | 2.8 | -3.7 | 5.0 |
| FG5-301 | C1 | 3950.8 | 4.2 | 3951.9 | 2.9 | -1.1 | 5.1 |
| FG5-301 |  |  |  |  |  | -1.9 | 2.9 |
| FG5X-104 | A5 | 4183.0 | 4.0 | 4183.1 | 3.2 | -0.1 | 5.1 |
| FG5X-104 | B4 | 4062.0 | 4.0 | 4062.6 | 3.5 | -0.6 | 5.3 |
| FG5X-104 | C3 | 3947.4 | 4.0 | 3948.0 | 2.8 | -0.6 | 4.9 |
| FG5X-104 |  |  |  |  |  | -0.4 | 3.0 |
| FG5X-209 | A3 | 4204.9 | 4.2 | 4206.3 | 2.9 | -1.4 | 5.1 |
| FG5X-209 | B3 | 4066.9 | 4.2 | 4068.4 | 3.2 | -1.5 | 5.3 |
| FG5X-209 | C3 | 3946.6 | 4.2 | 3948.0 | 2.8 | -1.4 | 5.0 |
| FG5X-209 |  |  |  |  |  | -1.4 | 3.0 |
| FG5X-216 | A5 | 4183.5 | 4.2 | 4183.1 | 3.2 | 0.4 | 5.3 |
| FG5X-216 | B5 | 4050.0 | 4.2 | 4049.2 | 3.0 | 0.8 | 5.2 |
| FG5X-216 | C5 | 3940.1 | 4.2 | 3942.5 | 3.3 | -2.4 | 5.3 |
| FG5X-216 |  |  |  |  |  | -0.4 | 3.0 |
| FG5X-220 | B1 | 4079.1 | 4.2 | 4076.7 | 3.4 | 2.4 | 5.4 |
| FG5X-220 | C3 | 3951.0 | 4.2 | 3948.0 | 2.8 | 3.0 | 5.0 |
| FG5X-220 | C4 | 3947.6 | 4.2 | 3946.1 | 3.6 | 1.5 | 5.5 |
| FG5X-220 |  |  |  |  |  | 2.3 | 3.1 |
| FG5X-221 | A2 | 4217.3 | 4.6 | 4216.5 | 3.3 | 0.8 | 5.7 |
| FG5X-221 | B2 | 4073.2 | 4.6 | 4072.0 | 2.8 | 1.2 | 5.4 |
| FG5X-221 | C2 | 3947.6 | 4.6 | 3945.0 | 3.7 | 2.6 | 5.9 |
| FG5X-221 |  |  |  |  |  | 1.5 | 3.3 |
| FG5X-302 | A1 | 4228.4 | 4.2 | 4228.4 | 3.9 | 0.0 | 5.7 |
| FG5X-302 | B5 | 4049.6 | 4.2 | 4049.2 | 3.0 | 0.4 | 5.2 |
| FG5X-302 | C4 | 3947.2 | 4.2 | 3946.1 | 3.6 | 1.1 | 5.5 |
| FG5X-302 |  |  |  |  |  | 0.5 | 3.2 |
| IMGC02 | B5 | 4043.4 | 10.6 | 4049.2 | 3.0 | -5.8 | 11.0 |
| IMGC02 | C2 | 3939.6 | 10.6 | 3945.0 | 3.7 | -5.4 | 11.2 |
| IMGC02 | C3 | 3955.1 | 10.6 | 3948.0 | 2.8 | 7.1 | 11.0 |
| IMGC02 |  |  |  |  |  | -1.4 | 6.4 |


| NIM-3A | A3 | 4205.5 | 10.4 | 4206.3 | 2.9 | -0.8 | 10.8 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| NIM-3A | B5 | 4055.3 | 10.2 | 4049.2 | 3.0 | 6.1 | 10.6 |
| NIM-3A | C2 | 3944.2 | 9.8 | 3945.0 | 3.7 | -0.8 | 10.5 |
| NIM-3A |  |  |  |  |  | 1.5 | 6.1 |
| T-2 | A5 | 4188.2 | 10.0 | 4183.1 | 3.2 | 5.1 | 10.5 |
| T-2 | B3 | 4077.4 | 10.0 | 4068.4 | 3.2 | 9.0 | 10.5 |
| T-2 | C4 | 3958.3 | 10.0 | 3946.1 | 3.6 | 12.2 | 10.6 |
| T-2 |  |  |  |  |  | 8.8 | 6.1 |
| FG5-242 | B1 | 4078.4 | 5.2 | 4076.7 | 3.4 | 1.7 | 6.2 |

## ANNEX C: Pilot study solution

In Table C1 we present the DoEs and their uncertainties for the PS, calculated from the differences between gravimeter measurements and the KCRVs in the same way as in Table 10 for the KC. Figure C1 combines the KC and PS gravimeters. Table C2 shows the final PS results where the DoEs are coupled with the uncertainties that must be used to assess equivalence. These uncertainties are calculated in the same way as in Table 11 of the KC, i.e., as the RMS of the uncertainties (last column of Annex B, above the lines) of the 1-3 differences between the gravimeter and the KCRV going into the determination of the DoE of the gravimeter. Figure C2 then combines the final KC and PS results. One gravimeter in the PS is not in equivalence: FG5-102.

Table C1. Degrees of Equivalence (DoE) of the gravimeters participating in the PS calculated from the difference between the gravimeter measurements and the KCRVs. The uncertainty U represents the expanded uncertainties of the DoE at $95 \%$ confidence.
Gravimeter PS Comparison Results
\(\left.$$
\begin{array}{lcc}\hline & \begin{array}{c}\text { DoE } \\
/ \boldsymbol{\mu} \mathbf{G a l}\end{array}
$$ \& \boldsymbol{U}(\mathbf{( k = 9 5 \%}) <br>

/ \boldsymbol{\mu} \mathbf{G a l}\end{array}\right]\)|  | -3.1 | 6.5 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| A10-006 | -4.6 | 2.9 |
| A10-020 | -5.6 | 3.0 |
| FG5-102 | +3.0 | 3.3 |
| FG5-202 | -2.9 | 2.8 |
| FG5-206 | +0.8 | 3.2 |
| FG5-218 | +2.1 | 2.7 |
| FG5-223 | -3.2 | 3.4 |
| FG5-228 | +2.2 | 3.1 |
| FG5-233 | +1.7 | 2.9 |
| FG5-234 | -1.9 | 3.0 |
| FG5-301 | -0.4 | 3.1 |
| FG5X-216 | +2.3 | 3.2 |
| FG5X-220 | +0.5 | 6.1 |
| FG5X-302 | +8.8 | 4.8 |
| T-2 | 3.8 |  |
| RMS |  |  |



Figure C1. Degrees of Equivalence (DoE) of the all the gravimeters participating in the KC and PS calculated from the difference between the gravimeter measurements and the KCRVs. The gravimeters participating in the KC are surrounded by a red box. The error bars represent the expanded uncertainties (U) of the DoEs at $95 \%$ confidence.

Table C2. Final PS comparison results. Degrees of Equivalence (DoE) of the gravimeters participating in the PS are calculated from the differences between the gravimeter measurements and the KCRVs. The uncertainty U is the RMS uncertainty of the $1-3$ differences. It represents the expanded uncertainty at $95 \%$ confidence.

## Gravimeter

Final PS Comparison Results

|  | DoE <br> $/ \boldsymbol{\mu G a l}$ | $\boldsymbol{U}(\mathbf{k}=\mathbf{9 5 \%})$ <br> $\mathbf{/ \mu \mathbf { G a l }}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| A10-006 | -3.1 | 21.7 |
| A10-020 | -4.6 | 11.3 |
| FG5-102 | -5.6 | 5.1 |
| FG5-202 | +3.0 | 5.3 |
| FG5-206 | -2.9 | 5.8 |
| FG5-218 | +0.8 | 4.8 |
| FG5-223 | +2.1 | 5.5 |
| FG5-228 | -3.2 | 4.7 |
| FG5-233 | +2.2 | 5.9 |
| FG5-234 | +1.7 | 5.3 |
| FG5-301 | -1.9 | 5.0 |
| FG5X-216 | -0.4 | 5.3 |
| FG5X-220 | +2.3 | 5.3 |
| FG5X-302 | +0.5 | 5.5 |
| T-2 | +8.8 | 10.5 |
| RMS | 3.8 | 8.4 |



GRAVIMETER

Figure C2. Final Degrees of Equivalence (DoE) of the all the gravimeters participating in the KC and PS calculated from the differences between the gravimeter measurements and the KCRVs. The gravimeters participating in the KC are surrounded by a red box. The error bars represent the final uncertainty U, calculated as the RMS uncertainty of the 1-3 differences. It represents the expanded uncertainty at $95 \%$ confidence.

